

Weather

Very cloudy today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 68.9 and the minimum 43.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 55.6 and 37.3.

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大正四年三月三日創刊

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AUSTRIAN RULER TO YIELD THRONE, GERMAN REPORT

Emperor Karl Announced
To Cabinet His Intention
To Abdicate

HUNGARY SPEAKS

Manifesto Declaring Inde-
pendent State Issued To
World From Budapest

FIGHTING CEASES

Italians' Captures Included
Total Of 100,000 Pri-
soners And 2,200 Guns

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 4.—By reason of the armistice signed by General Diaz, the Italian Generalissimo, in the name of the Allies, hostilities with Austria ceased on Monday at 3 p.m. on the Italian front and in the Balkans.

The importance of this event is underlined by the whole press which states that the southern frontier of Germany is in future open to the Allied armies, who now control the whole railway system of Austria and, if Germany should refuse the conditions for an armistice laid down by the Entente, the latter will have every means to impose them.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 3.—The Vienna correspondent of the Berliner Tagblatt states that Emperor Karl on November 2 conferred with the members of the Austrian Cabinet and Party Leaders, and announced his intention to abdicate and go to Switzerland.

Budapest Issues Message
Zurich, November 3.—A wireless message in French was despatched from Budapest on Saturday night, addressed to the people of the world.

It states that the Hungarian people have accomplished a peaceful revolution, have shattered the yoke of their oppressors and established an Independent State. They repudiate responsibility for the world war and lay down their arms in their desire for peace.

The message declares the fraternity and equality of all inhabitants of Hungary, Magyar or non-Magyar, and appeals to the free nations of the world to preserve the territorial integrity of Hungary.

Copenhagen, November 2.—A telegram from Vienna states that Count Andrássy, the Premier, has resigned. Few Excesses In Budapest

Amsterdam, November 3.—A telegram from Budapest states that comparatively slight excesses occurred on October 31 in the outskirts of the city. These were suppressed very severely.

A message from Vienna states that a German Administration for German-Bohemia is being established notwithstanding the opposition of the Czech authorities.

100,000 Austrians Taken When Truce Was Signed

London, November 3.—An official Austrian wireless message dated Vienna November 3, states:

In the Italian theater of war our troops have ceased hostilities on the basis of the armistice which has been concluded.

Rome, November 3.—An Italian communique reports:
We have occupied Trento and have landed at Trieste. Our cavalry have entered Udine.

London, November 3.—A British communique reports:

We are well eastward of the Isonzo River. The number of prisoners captured by the 10th Army exceeds 15,000 and 150 guns. Ten thousand of these prisoners and over a hundred guns were captured by the 14th British Corps. In the operations on the Asiago Plateau the 48th Division captured 200 prisoners.

Rome, November 3.—An Italian official communique reports:

The Italian 7th Army, entering the struggle, has broken through the enemy's fortifications at Sella del Toneale and is progressing in the Sarmigim Valley.

We have forced the Vallarela and captured Colasanto, northward of

(Continued on Page 6)

Austria's Conqueror



GENERAL ARMANDO DIAZ

German Consuls In Switzerland Caught Violating Neutrality

Found With Bombs And Munitions To Use In Destruction In Italy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berne, November 3.—Following the protest of the Swiss Federal Council, Germany has recalled the German Consul-General and Vice-Consul at Zurich in consequence of the discovery in the Consulate of pamphlets, arms, bombs and munitions destined to stir up revolution and to carry out acts of destruction in Italy. An employee of the Consulate has been sentenced to 2½ years' imprisonment for his connection with the plot.

DR. DARROCH LECTURES ON CHINESE CHARACTERS

Their Origin And Development
Described At Missionary
Association Meeting

The origin of the Chinese character and its subsequent development were described in a lecture given by the Rev. John Darroch before the Shanghai Missionary Association at its November meeting at the Union Church Hall last night.

Following the lecture a short business meeting was held. The Moral Welfare Committee reported that a campaign for funds to carry on the work would soon be conducted.

The committee hopes to raise \$1,000 among the members of the Missionary Association and \$4,000 by public subscription.

ALL EUROPE SUPPORTS WILSON, SAYS GOMPER

His Ideals Dominate Even
Enemy Peoples, Labor
Leader Found

(American Wireless To Reuter)

New York, November 4.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor and Chairman of the Labor Mission to Europe, returned today from his two months' tour of England, France and Italy. He made the following statement:

"The spirit among all the peoples of our Allied countries from Presidents, Congresses and Cabinets to the great masses of the people is in support of the policies, purposes and ideals set forth by President Wilson. They venerate him and have absolute confidence in the course he has pursued and the results which he has impressed on the consciousness of all, even the soldiers and people of Germany and Austria. While having great understanding and appreciation of all that the President has stood for in this war, they regard his last note to Austria as a master stroke. It crushed the spirit and morale of the soldiers and people of our two enemy countries."

Hsu Shu-Cheng Emissary On Mission To Arrange Sino-Japanese Alliance?

Rumor Says He Is Militarists' Delegate To Japan To
Conclude Pact Before Peace Conference
Directs Policy

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 5.—The departure of General Hsu Shu-cheng, ostensibly to attend the Autumn military maneuvers in Japan, has given rise to two reports, one amusing and the other interesting. The first report is that the President has sent General Hsu Shu-cheng to Japan in order to be relieved of his embarrassing activities during the forthcoming conference of Tientsin, while the second report is that General Hsu is a delegate of the Militarists, charged with the mission of negotiating for a Sino-Japanese alliance.

Independent Chinese point out that the first report emanated from the Militarists, and while not suspecting that the President is involved in any questionable scheme, they say that General Hsu Shu-cheng is one of the cleverest Chinese of his generation, that he has won recognition as the mouthpiece of the Militarists, whom he largely dominates and that he has taken a prominent part in shaping the forthcoming conference and that it is improbable that he would be so easily hoodwinked into abandoning his party at the moment when its fate is about to be decided.

While the situation was providing abundant material for conjecture, the second report transpired from a source which is usually well-informed. Enquiries led Chinese to the conviction that the second report was true. They argue that the political situation offers no objection to their belief, because the Militarists are now

confronted with a peace wave which is rolling unerringly northward and which is strongly supported by British and American opinion, responding to the unmistakable appeal of the Chinese people. They also state that the Sino-Japanese Military Convention, which theoretically strengthens the power of the Militarists in China no less than it satisfies the aspirations of Japan, was rendered practically innocuous by the equal Allied participation in the Siberian operations, and that after an alliance with Japan the subjugation of the recalcitrant provinces would not be difficult.

Turning to the Japanese point of view, independent Chinese contend that Japan, suddenly confronted by the crumbling of the war in Europe, finds it necessary to reach a quick decision regarding Chinese affairs because the International Peace Conference is expected soon to decide future policies in the Far East and to adjust the territorial and industrial rights of China; that Japan's policy towards China has been rudely checkmated by premature disclosures, and they ask how can Japan retain all that she has acquired in China since the outbreak of the European war and how can she prove that she has greater rights in China than other Powers possess under the old principle of the open door and equal opportunity? Independent Chinese believe that the Japanese are seeking to find an answer to these questions in an alliance with China.

Jugo-Slavs Offer Austrian Fleet To U.S.

Inform Wilson They Will Turn
Ships Over To American
Or Allied Navies

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 3.—The Jugo-Slavs have sent a wireless message to President Wilson stating that they are ready to hand over the Austrian fleet to the United States or to representatives of the Allied navies.

DRIVE FOR WAR FUNDS WILL BE PLANNED TODAY

Meeting In Interest Of Cam-
paign To Be Held At Palace
This Afternoon

United States Consul-General

Thomas Sammons, Mr. Chu Pao-san, Mr. J. Knight, French Commercial Attache, Mme. Barre, Mr. P. Toledano and Mr. Ivan Chen will be among the speakers at the mass meeting to be held this afternoon at the Palace Hotel in the interest of the campaign for funds for organizations working with the American troops.

Final plans for the drive will be made today and sub-committees are to be appointed. The committee hopes to get \$100,000 between November 11 and November 18, the money to go to the Young Men's Christian Association, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare Association, National Catholic War Council, Salvation Army, Camp Community Service and Library Association.

Representatives of all nationalities and denominations will be welcomed at the meeting and the committee has sent out a general invitation through the press. The meeting will start at five o'clock.

War Time America Is Lecture Topic

Mr. Graham Barrow To Speak
Before Union Church Guild
Tonight

"Rapid Impressions of America in War Time" will be the subject of an address by Mr. E. P. Graham Barrow before the Union Church Literary and Social Guild this evening. The lecture will begin at 8 o'clock in the Union Church lecture hall.

German Rail System Hit By Czech Action

Crisis Caused By Seizure Of
Trains Within Bohemian
Border

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 4.—From Zurich. The German newspaper Tagesschau Rundschau announces that the Czech authorities have seized all the German locomotives and wagons within the frontier of Bohemia and it adds that this loss, added to the locomotives which are actually useless on the front, which total forty percent, threatens to cause a very grave crisis in transportation in Germany.

VERSAILLES CONFERENCE RESUMES DELIBERATION

Belgian, Greek, Servian And
Japanese Representatives
Called Into Session

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 3.—The Versailles Conference has resumed its deliberations. M. Venizelos, the Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Japanese Ambassador and the Servian Minister at Paris, who replaces the Servian Premier, are again present. Nothing has transpired regarding the deliberations.

A touching ceremony took place today at the Pantheon, where a British military delegation placed a memorial palm dedicated to the French heroes who have fallen for the salvation of their country. The delegation was headed by an English captain, blinded in the war, who was the delegate of the Comrades of the Great War.

291,000 MEN CALLED FOR SERVICE IN U.S.

General March's Order Brings
Army To More Than
Four Million

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, November 3.—General Crowder has announced that a draft calls for the mobilization of 291,000 men before November 21, bringing the total of the United States Army to over four millions.

The Place For The Kaiser



"How long ya been fishin'?"

"About four years."

"Caught anythin'?"

"No."

"Come inside."

—Webster in the Kansas City Times.

SERBIA CLEAR OF ENEMY AS ARMISTICE COMES

Germaans And Austrians Cross
Danube With Belgrade's Cap-
ture; Servians At Frontier

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 3.—A French eastern communique reports:
Following the capture of Belgrade the defeated Germans and Austrians retired to the north bank of the Danube. The 2nd Servian Army has reached the Bosnian frontier. Almost the whole of Serbia has been liberated.

GERMANY IS ZEALOUS FOR HUMANITY NOW

Wants To Discontinue All Air
Attacks In Rear Of Fight-
ing Zone

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 3.—A message from Berlin states that Germany, through the Swiss Government, has proposed to the other belligerents the cessation of aerial attacks in the rear of the zone of operations "on the ground of humanity and for the preservation of monuments of civilisation." The German Government says that the German aviators have been ordered to cease such attacks from the beginning of October.

BAVARIAN MINISTERS QUIT ON KING'S HINT

Resign In Response To His
Letter Cabinet Should Be Re-
sponsible To People

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 4.—From Basle. According to a despatch from Munich, the King of Bavaria addressed a letter to his ministers stating that it is necessary that the Ministers should enjoy the confidence of the Crown and also be representative of the people.

To permit the constitution of a Cabinet according to these principles, the whole Cabinet has resigned. In a second letter the King charges the President of the Council to prepare the constitution of a new Cabinet and asks that the present Ministers shall continue to carry on affairs in the meantime.

LAUNCH S.S. HYDRA TODAY

The steamship Hydra, 2,050 tons deadweight, will be launched at the shipyard of the New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works, Ltd., 37 Yangtseepoo Road, at 3 p.m. today.

ENEMY LINE GIVES ON BOTH FLANKS; BIG RETREAT ON

Large Slice Of Belgium
Redeemed By Allies'
New Thrust

15 MILES GAINED

Germans Withdraw From
Dutch Frontier To South
Of Ghent

ALSO IN ARGONNE

French And Americans Ad-
vance 12 Miles In Day
West Of Meuse

THE BATTLE IN BRIEF

The German front is bending at both ends. Huge advances have been made by the Allies in Flanders and from the Meuse to the Argonne, the scene of the two drives started two days ago.

In Flanders the Allies have advanced from ten to fifteen miles from the Dutch frontier to south of Ghent, a front of twenty miles. They are at the gates of Ghent and less than thirty miles from Antwerp. Around Valenciennes the British have advanced four miles east of Valenciennes. Marshal Haig has opened a new attack south of the Scheldt.

From the Meuse to the Argonne, a front of over twenty miles, the French and Americans have forced a serious withdrawal on the enemy. Twelve miles progress was made in a single day. The whole Argonne forest is held by the Allies, the French and Americans having effected a junction northward of it. The Americans hold all the towns on the west bank of the Meuse for a distance of six miles and have Confians under their guns. The Americans' prisoners number five thousand.

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 4.—The French and American troops continue their victorious advance in the Argonne which, on Sunday alone, reached a depth of twenty kilometers on a front of thirty kilometers, thus liberating a large number of villages. In the French sector the line runs from Semuy, along the Ardennes Canal to Neuville-et-Day, bordering the northern outskirts of the Bois-de-Voucq and of Chesne and passing the limits of the Forest of Argonne, where the French troops have effected a junction with the American forces on their right.

The front of our Allies is marked by the villages of Authie, Atruche, Tilly, Montigny and Sassey-sur-Meuse, which is situated three kilometers north of Dun.

Much Belgian Soil Freed
The group of armies in Flanders continued to free Belgian soil. The whole region adjoining Holland up to the Terneuzen Canal has been delivered by the advance of the Belgian Army, which has moved fifteen kilometers along the Dutch frontier. The Allied troops are at the gates of Ghent.

The German movement of retreat has been hastened east of Valenciennes and the Scheldt. The British troops have penetrated, notably, in the villages of Onnaing, Estreux and Villers-Pol, which is more than six kilometers east of Valenciennes.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 4.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—Press despatches report that the 1st American Army has captured the dominating heights northwest of Verdun and brought the important city of Conflans under the fire of their heavy guns. The 1st American Army also has advanced twelve miles on an eight mile front in three days, capturing more than five thousand prisoners and occupying all the

GERMAN PARTIES OPPOSE KAISER'S ABDICATION

Reichstag Factions Hold Him
Necessary For Empire's Unity;
Rumor He Signs Decree

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 3.—It appears that in order to maintain the unity of the German Empire most of the Reichstag parties now oppose the abdication of the Kaiser. Some Socialists are protesting against Herr Scheidemann's demand for the abdication of the Kaiser.

London, November 3.—Rumors regarding the abdication of the Kaiser continue but are received with very great reserve. The latest is that the Kaiser signed an abdication decree at an assembly of the confederated Princes in Berlin on October 10, but that the execution of the decree has been postponed owing to fears regarding its effect on public morale and to divergencies of views regarding the succession.

FRENCH LOAN FIGURES LEAP TO FR. 27,389,400

Day's Sales Of Victory Bonds
Here Exceed Million And
Half Francs

Over another million and a half francs were subscribed yesterday to the French Victory Loan. The final figure at the closing hour of the banks was Frs. 27,389,400. Monday's total was Frs. 25,792,400. The latest figures at the various banks are:

Banque de l'Indo-Chine	19,130,100
Banque Russo-Asiatique	3,955,000
Banque Industrielle de Chine	3,799,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	555,300
Frs.	27,389,400

Hear Motion Today In Merriman Suit

Attorney For Plaintiff In Libel
Action Asks Deposition
From Defendant

A motion to have a deposition taken from Mr. W. L. Merriman in connection with the Ezra-Merriman libel action will be made before Judge C. S. Lobingier in the United States Court for China tomorrow morning by Mr. A. D. Gibbs, attorney for Mr. Judah I. Ezra.

The petition, which is made under the Perpetuation of Testimony provision, was served yesterday.

towns on the west bank of the Meuse south of Halles.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, November 3.—Reuter's agency learns that the Belgians in the sector northward of Ghent have advanced beyond Bassevelde and Sleydinge, eight miles eastward of the Derivation Canal. The French and Americans westward of the Meuse, on a front of thirty miles, made a fresh big advance.

A British Belgian communiqué

The attacks of the 2nd British Army and the French and American Armies on October 31 and November 1 bore fruit today. Pressed by the Belgian Army and the left of the French Army, the enemy was forced to retreat hastily in the direction of the Ghent-Normuzen Canal. At the end of the day the French and Belgians had reached the line Eecloo-Waerschoote-Lieve Canal and further south as far as Séeveghem. They have reached within four kilometers of the outskirts of Ghent.

The left bank of the Scheldt has been occupied farther north as far as Somerghem.

Allied aviators throughout the battles maintained the mastery of the air. The results obtained by British aviators were particularly remarkable.

Retreat At Valenciennes
Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's Sunday evening communiqué reports:

Following the severe defeat inflicted upon him during the past two days, the enemy has withdrawn from his positions eastward and southward of Valenciennes. We observed the movement and are in contact with the German rearwards.

We took a number of prisoners. We have entered Villers, Pollein, Curgies, Estreux and Onnang. Local fighting is taking place westward of Landreies to our advantage.

American Victorious Says Berlin

A German official wireless message reports:

We have withdrawn from the junction of the Lys and the Scheldt to Ghent. The English pressed us back to Saultain, recapturing Freeman. Owing to the American break through, we withdrew between the Aisne and Champagneulle.

A Belgian communiqué reports:

As the result of the fighting of the last few days, the enemy this morning abandoned his positions on the Derivation Canal, which we crossed at dawn. North of the Bruges-Ghent Canal, we occupy Ezelbome and Wiestchoot and have carried our line to the Lieve Canal. Between the Bruges-Ghent Canal and the Lys, we have advanced beyond Meerendre, Overpoucke, Baervelde and Baille.

A Belgian communiqué reports:

We continued the pursuit of the retreating enemy notwithstanding the difficulties of the ground which is cut up by water courses and canals, the crossings of which have been destroyed.

We have reached the line from one mile west of Selvaux, east of Ertvelde and through Langerbrugge, Evergem and Tronchiennes. We captured, after sharp fighting, the northern approaches of Ghent.

New Attack South Of Scheldt

London, November 4.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's Monday morning communiqué reports:

We attacked at dawn this morning on a wide front southward of the river Scheldt. The attack is reported to have been launched satisfactorily.

German Line Collapses Before Allies In Argonne

Paris, November 3.—The French Sunday evening communiqué reports:

The severe battle which has been taking place in the Argonne has resulted in the complete success of the 4th French Army and the Americans. The enemy desperately defended the crossings of the Aisne and then clung with great tenacity to the wooded heights, but his resistance collapsed before the rush of our troops, who stormed several villages and occupied Vence and Chene Woods.

The liberation of the Argonne has been completed. Our prisoners and booty have not yet been counted.

The French Sunday afternoon communiqué reports:

On the Aisne front we again advanced during the night and took the villages of La Croix-aux-Bois and Nivry. The enemy's resistance has appreciably increased in the Argonne Forest. The material abandoned by the retreating Germans yesterday, which fell into our hands, includes fourteen guns, of which five are of large caliber. Since the beginning of the operation we have taken over 2,000 prisoners.

Americans Inflict Big Loss

London, November 3.—An American communiqué states:

The 1st American Army has continued its successes, capturing today nineteen villages. The enemy lost very heavily in consequence of the continuous blows of the past month and his surprise at the force of the renewed attack on November 1. Prisoners report that the enemy organizations were thrown into the greatest confusion. Several complete batteries and battalions were captured. Over 500 prisoners and 100 guns have been taken.

We have advanced twelve miles on a front of eighteen miles during the past three days and have thus enabled us to bombard the Montmedy, Longuyon and Conflans railways.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, telegraphing on Sunday evening, reports:

The French and American armies have effected junction near Authe, five miles northeast of Buzancy. The enemy's position on the Meuse, which is the main line of retreat for his armies between the Meuse and the Oise, is beginning to crumble.

London, November 4.—An American official communiqué reports:

Attacking further into the enemy's territory today, we traversed Belval Wood and Portgerache Wood. We reached the heights southward of Beaumont and are approaching Verrieres, further westward. We also hold all the towns on the west bank of the Meuse, southward of Halles. Our attack extended today to the east bank of the Meuse where we are progressing favorably.

British Air Attack

London, November 4.—The Press Bureau announces that the Independent Air Force on November 3 heavily attacked the railways around Saarburg, also Huhl aerodrome with good results. All our machines returned.

Germans Will Be Forced To Extensive Evacuation

Paris, November 2.—While Germany asks for an armistice the general Allied offensive has been resumed on the Western front. Everywhere the German resistance has been broken and soon the enemy will be compelled to withdraw from his present line.

An attack was launched yesterday by General Gouraud's 4th Army at the top of the loop of the river Aisne. Co-operating with the 1st American Army the French pushed their line forward a distance of three miles to an important junction of roads leading to Sedan and Metz.

Many points of the Kriemhild line have been broken and the French have advanced at some points a depth of two miles, while the American troops have secured equal success.

Germany is isolated but her armies are not yet broken. Nevertheless she shows obvious signs of exhaustion and of her inability to hold her front in the West against the Allies, who are in a position to deliver a vital blow.

At the Inter-Allied Conference at Versailles, Belgium and Japan were represented.

JUDGMENT IN RESERVED IN COTTON CLAIM CASE

Final Argument Heard In Supreme Court On Application Brought By Local Firms

Final argument was concluded and judgment reserved yesterday afternoon in the case of Messrs. Mackenzie and Co., Ltd., and Samuel and Co., Ltd., against the Tze Chin Bank, wherein the defendants are asked to state their claims to 64 bales of Japanese cotton sheeting now stored in Mackenzie and Company's godowns. The case was heard by Sir Maxwell de Saurmarez, Judge of the British Supreme Court, and Mr. E. W. Godfrey appeared for the plaintiffs, while Mr. D. McNell represented the defendant bank.

The case arises from the frauds of a former compradore of Samuel and Co. who was convicted at Nagasaki and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment.

PRICES TOO HIGH HERE TO GET RUSSIAN TRADE

Business Man Writes That Shanghai Market Is 200 Percent Over U.S.

Why, with the tremendous demand which is so continually emphasized as existing, there is relatively so little business done by Siberian and Russian firms with the Shanghai market, is a question frequently asked. Some light may be sprinkled over the problem by the following excerpt from the letter of a business man who is in touch with the northern market and is at present in Vladivostok.

"There is, of course, a tremendous outlet here for all sorts of commodities," he writes, "but price is an important factor, and Shanghai prices at present are positively out of sight. Importers and exporters here have repeatedly told me that they can't touch the stuff on the Shanghai market because prices are out of all comparison with States' quotations."

"From a location standpoint Shanghai is a most desirable city for trade intercourse with Vladivostok or Harbin, but the merchants here aren't dubs and they can't afford to do business with the fellows down there who are profiteering. Prices should be somewhere near a competitive point with quotations from America. If they were only slightly higher it would be O.K. because of the time saved, in shipping to Vladivostok. But to find them a hundred, and even two hundred, percent higher is just a little too stiff and the merchants here and it decidedly more profitable to import from the United States."

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY PLANS SERIES OF SOCIALS

Success Of Smoker Inspires Program To Bring Local Irishmen Closer Together

To bring Irishmen in Shanghai into closer contact and to promote better relationship, the St. Patrick's Society will give a series of socials during the season. The decision to arrange the socials was the result of the great success of the smoking concert held October 17.

The executive committee has been enlarged from six to thirteen. In addition to those previously named for the committee, which consisted of the president, Mr. H. P. Wilkinson; the vice-president, Mr. R. H. R. Wade; and Messrs. R. B. Moorhead, D. P. Griffith, T. P. Givens and Captain Wright, the names of Mr. J. J. Dunne, honorary secretary; Mr. E. Carroll, honorary treasurer; and Messrs. L. P. O'Driscoll, M. J. Lydon, M. J. Gibson and M. Fitzgibbon have been added.

RUSSIAN EAGLE RETURNS AS NATIONAL EMBLEM

All-Russian Government Restores Bolshevik Insignia; Cossacks Advance On Batum

Reuter's Pacific Service

Vladivostok, November 4.—An impressive ceremony took place here today in the presence of a large concourse of townfolk, when the national emblem, the two-headed eagle, which was removed by the Bolsheviks, was replaced on the monument in memory of Admiral Nevelsky, known as the Russian Raleigh, who first planted the standard of the Tsar at Vladivostok.

The restoration of the two-headed eagle as the national emblem is a sign that reaction is setting in against internationalism.

Harbin, November 4.—The All-Russian Government has signed a decree restoring the two-headed eagle as the emblem of Russia.

A telegram from Irkutsk states that the health of the French High Commissioner, M. Renault, is satisfactory and that he will soon be able to continue his journey.

According to the newspaper, Vestnik Muchjarin, General Denikin in command of an army of Cossacks and volunteers, has entered Novo Rossisk and is now advancing towards Batum.

From The Chinese Press

President Hsu Shih-chang is indignant over the threat of the An Fu Club to disapprove a Cabinet organized by Mr. Chien Nung-hsun. He stated that he will appoint a Cabinet favoring peace with Mr. Liang Shih-yi as the Premier, Dr. Wu Ting-fang or Wang Tai-hsieh as Minister of Foreign Affairs, General Li Shun as War Minister, Admiral Sah Cheng-ping as Minister of the Navy, Dr. Wang Chung-hui as Minister of Justice, Mr. Chai Yuan-pai as Minister of Education, Mr. Yi Kung-cho as Minister of Communications, Mr. Chang Ko-kan as Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, Chu Chiching as Minister of the Interior and Chow Tse-chi as Minister of Finance.

The opposition of the An Fu Club to the new Cabinet, it is understood,

is caused by the opposition of its members to peace, their failure to elect the Vice-president and their fear that the new Parliament will be dissolved after the inauguration of the Cabinet.

In response to the call of the Chamber of Commerce at Nanchang,

Tuchan Chen Kwang-yuan of Kiangsi telegraphed that he is returning to his post Friday.

As a first step towards the reformation of the administrative work in China, President Hsu Shih-chang issued a Mandate Monday ordering that corrupt officials of the provinces

are to be severely dealt with, according to a Peking telegram last night.

The Brevet rank of General was conferred on General Hsu Shu-cheng by another Presidential mandate yesterday. General Hsu will represent China at the Japanese annual maneuver.



A Savings Account Looks Mighty Big to Young Folks

It is a big thing for them. Life's outlook has a far rosier hue when there's a substantial sum in the bank to safeguard the future.

Thrift develops character, awakens ambition, furnishes the means to many attainments which would never be realized without the practice of thrift.

You can't begin to save too early in life.

Both the thrifty and the thriftless urge you to save. Everybody is for it.

Now don't think that because you

can't save a lot out of your income it's foolish to start a savings account.

Forget the amount. Once you get started you'll be surprised how you'll economize here and there—cut out waste, and make your savings account grow without the slightest hardship to yourself or family.

Thousands are doing it every day. So can you.

No bank offers greater safety, or takes greater interest in its depositors than this bank. Glad, any time, to be of service to you. Open a savings account and join our happy, contented family of savers.

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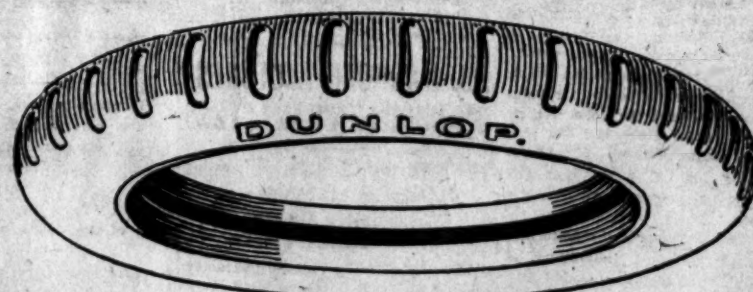
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WOMAN'S CLUB HEARS OF WORK WITH BLIND

Work Of U.S. Government And Red Cross Described By Mrs. G. B. Fryer

How the United States Government and the American Red Cross are looking after the blind soldiers, sailors and workers was told to the American Woman's Club yesterday afternoon at the monthly meeting by Mrs. George B. Fryer, of the Institution for Chinese Blind.

Work done by the blind of China in the interest of the Allied cause was also described, Mrs. Fryer stating that during the first three months of the war, children of the Mukden School for the Blind knit 1,500 pairs of socks and the output has increased consistently with the advent of machines for use by the blind children; 200 many-tailed bandages are knit weekly for the Red Cross by Shanghai blind and, in South China, hospital garments and supplies have been made in large numbers.

"In the United States the blind are helping with their knitting, war gardens and in the workshops," said Mrs. Fryer.

The American Government has planned for the return of the blind soldier or sailor from the front and every opportunity will be offered the blind to become self-supporting. The work done by England and France has made it possible for the United States to be prepared.

Following the declaration of war a conference of workers among the blind was called by the War Department and the educational plans were outlined, said Mrs. Fryer. The Educational Department will be under a principal director and has prepared courses in physical training, manual training, reading, writing, music, tuning, commercial branches and self-helpfulness while recreational activities will also be supervised. In the case of helpless blind, special provision is being made to take care of them in their own homes and teach them some trade which will keep them usefully occupied.

After a man is educated he will be looked after by Follow-up Department which works in conjunction with the Red Cross Institute for the Blind. This will be a national activity of the Red Cross. The institute will co-operate with the National Manufacturers' Association and other organized consumer bodies and find new work for the man who has no profession. The employment of the blind will be placed on a purely business basis and the blind will be fitted for the manufacturer.

An attractive exhibit of fancy work, rugs, blankets and weavings, done by blind in the United States and presented to the Institution for Chinese Blind, was arranged for the members. Rattan furniture, made by blind children in Shanghai, was also exhibited.

The address followed tea and a short business meeting. Mrs. Massey and Mrs. Gregory were the tea hostesses.

At the business session, Mrs. C. A. Siler, Mrs. C. D. Glaque and Mrs. C. S. Runyon were elected members. Seven others were proposed.

Mrs. Remer, chairman of the Social Service Department, reported that the department has opened an office at 6B Seward Road. The members are investigating the needs of wives of American enlisted men. The office is open Tuesdays and Fridays from ten until noon and is in charge of Mrs. Remer and Mrs. Sawyer.

Before the meeting Miss Kethley of the Shanghai Baptist College played a delightful piano solo.

Judge Charles S. Robinson of the United States Court for China will deliver an address before the club members on "The Chinese in the Philippines" at the meeting November 19.

Japan To Tighten Censorship Of Press

More Stringent Regulations In Force Soon For All Publications

(Reuter Kokusai)

Tokio, October 29.—It is understood that more stringent measures for the censorship of all publications is to be enforced soon. It is proposed that the Home Affairs Department will establish a new bureau exclusively for the purpose of carrying out most effective and uniform censorship regulations. As a general principle the publications which conflict with one of the following conditions will be punished:

1. For publishing what the authorities had considered demanding secrecy and had prohibited its publication.
2. For publishing what the authorities may decide, wholly or in part, improper or dangerous.
3. When the authorities deem any said publication a case of abuse of publication laws and of offense against good taste of society in general.

600 STUDENTS STRIKE IN GOVERNMENT SCHOOL

Are Expelled By Official Order After Sensational Series Of Events

China Press Correspondence

Wenchow, Che., Nov. 1.—The Government Middle School has gone on strike, its third in three years, and the result to date is the expulsion of the whole body of 600 students or more. In their open letter addressed to the "fathers and elder brothers" of the city, they set forth three grievances:

1. The head proctor was an opium-smoker, gambler and rake.
2. The steward wantonly had a large tree, that had been adorning the city for hundreds of years, cut down and sold, incidentally pocketing a large part of the price, and had not put in order the drill ground and bath-rooms.
3. Most serious of all, a proctor had a sick student placed in a dirty, ill-smelling sort of outhouse, where he was not given proper care, and his death hastened, it is alleged. They affirm the principal to be a good old man, but a recluse who left the school affairs to others and spent his time in his study with his books.

The students demanded the dismissal of the proctors and others named, refused to go on with their studies, shut the gates of the school and set a guard to prevent teachers from going in and out, and even censored their mail. The principal, unable to bring them to terms, called for the assistance of the taoyin and the chi-sa, but even they were withstood by the students; hence, the telegram from Hangchow expelling the students, who were still in the city yesterday. If this is the end Wenchow will be without a Middle School, so far as the government is concerned, for a time. From the reputation these students have given it during the last few years this may not be a serious deprivation.

In connection with the Post Office burglary, it is said that the one who is charged with taking the stamps to Shanghai is to receive a sentence of fifteen years and the other three, five years each. This has not been officially announced, I understand, so may be liable to revision. Mr. Arlington, of the Hangchow Post Office staff, is here this week and may have been able to throw some light on the affair after investigation.

MEMBERS OF CHAMBER GET COURT PRIVILEGE

Chinese Commercial Men May Defend Civil Cases Without Putting Up Security

Members of the Shanghai Chinese Chamber of Commerce will be allowed to defend civil claims without putting up security for their appearance at the Mixed Court, according to a communication circulated among the members yesterday by the Chamber. The privilege extended to the members is the result of numerous communications between the local chamber and the Mixed Court.

The Chamber has compiled a list of its members and filed it with the Mixed Court. Hereafter, members of the Chamber of Commerce, who are sued by either foreign or Chinese claimants, need only present their membership certificates to the Mixed Court and be released upon signing a declaration that they will appear to defend themselves when called.

The message of the Chamber regarded the privilege as a great honor to the prominent Chinese residents in the Settlement and urged that its members comply with the requirements of the Mixed Court without fail as the Court may withdraw the privilege, if litigants purposely take advantage of the arrangement to defeat the ends of justice.

CHINESE CABINET CHANGES

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, November 1.—The President, Mr. Hsu Shih-chang, has instructed the Cabinet to send to Parliament the proposal that Mr. Chien Nung-hsun should be appointed Prime Minister. This nomination is expected to meet with the approval of Parliament, the members of which are invited to take lunch with the President in the San Hai tomorrow.

If the nomination of Mr. Chien is accepted, then other changes will be made in the Cabinet. The most important of these is expected to be the retirement by Mr. Tsao Ju-lin from the Ministry of Finance to be succeeded by Mr. Lu Tsung-yu, Director General of the Sino-Japanese Industrial Company and Managing Director of the Exchange Bank of China, another Sino-Japanese enterprise, not altogether unconnected, it is believed, with Mr. Nishihara.

It is also considered possible that if Mr. Lu Tsung-hsiang, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, should be appointed Chinese representative on the Peace Conference, Mr. Wang Ta-hsieh would be appointed Foreign Minister.

OBATA APPOINTMENT CONSIDERED MISTAKE

Peking Thinks It Destroys Hope Of Better Sino-Japanese Relations

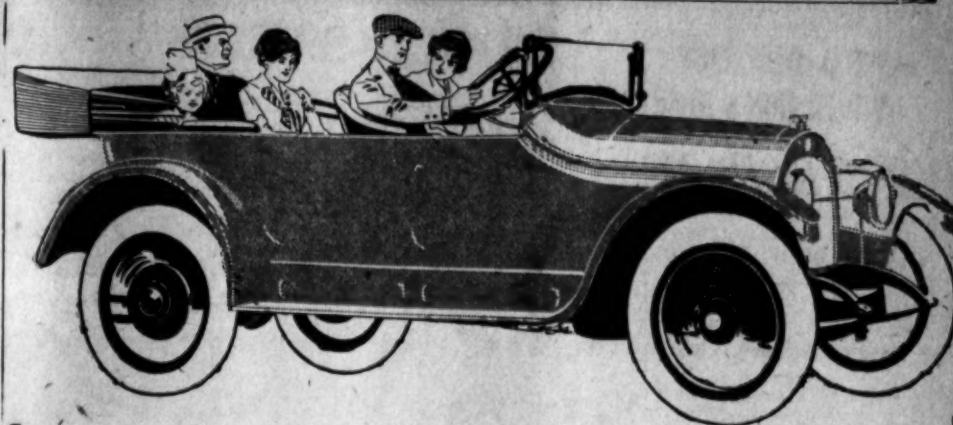
(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, November 1.—There is a growing feeling in Chinese circles here that the appointment of Mr. Obata as Japanese Minister to Peking is a great mistake. A correspondent of The Peking Daily News writes to that paper this morning as follows:

"The report that Mr. Obata has been appointed Japanese Minister to Peking in succession to Baron Hayashi should serve as a warning to those ignorant and blind Chinese who fondly imagine that each new Japanese Government intends to make up for its predecessor's acts of aggression by pursuing a policy of friendship towards China. Mr. Obata made himself notorious during the negotiations in the infamous Twenty-one Demands in 1915, and is probably the most unpopular Japanese official in the eyes of the Chinese people."

The foregoing pretty generally sums up both Chinese and foreign sentiment in the matter. On the Chinese side, however, there is some reserve, especially in the press, not a single newspaper this morning having a word of comment on the appointment, probably because the Police have issued orders that it shall not be discussed. The only reference to-day to this matter in the Chinese press is a statement to the effect that Mr. Lu Tsung-hsiang, Minister for Foreign Affairs, has telegraphed his congratulations to Mr. Obata. This may be "wrote markatit." In many quarters the appointment is regarded as a challenge to China, and to the Foreign Powers interested in China as well; and coming close on Japan's unofficial intimation that she is going to take the lead in a demarche on the subject of peace in China it is regarded as destroying all hope of a better understanding between the two countries. Not least significant, it is considered, is the fact that during the whole period of the Terauchi regime Mr. Obata was virtual head of the China Department in the Foreign Office at Tokio.

On the other hand, it is suggested on the Japanese side, that Mr. Obata in 1915 simply exercised trop de zèle, as he was carrying out not his own policy but one imposed on him by others, and as he disagreed with that policy he could best show himself a faithful representative of his superiors by out-Heroding Herod. There is presumably something to be said for this point of view. The question the Chinese are asking is, How Much?



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GRENADES USED AT LAST

Escape From Starvation By
Crossing Vesle With Bullets
Seeking Americans In Vain

(From The Stars and Stripes, official
organ of the American Forces in
France, September 13)

How two American Engineers, cut off and lost from a night patrol, spent five days within the German lines nursing a wounded comrade, and finally, after they had been 48 hours without food or water, rushed a boche machine-gun emplacement and killed the crew, ran a gauntlet of fire from a dozen other machine-guns, swam a river and got back to their lines with their patient and valuable information, is one of the stories produced by the restless fighting during the period when the Germans, pausing in their retreat, made a stand on the Vesle.

Privates Frank C. Schultz and Edward Morrissey are the Engineers who managed the episode, and Private Frank De Blase, an Infantryman, is the wounded man they saved.

The three were members of a party which, with noses for fighting and information, crossed the Vesle one night and penetrated into a battered little town on its northern bank. The patrol investigated the town, clashed with the boche garrison, took a couple of prisoners and returned.

The Patient Arrives

But Schultz and Morrissey, partly because they had hurried to bandage the wounds of two slightly wounded soldiers, lost the bunch and, what was worse, the direction. They wandered cautiously around for an hour until, running almost into the arms of a German patrol, they sought hasty refuge in a hole dug in an embankment at the side of the street.

The hole was a small one, hardly large enough to be dignified with the name of dugout, and its limited dimensions were taxed still more half an hour later when De Blase, blinded, temporarily at least, by a bullet wound in the forehead, came groping down the street and was taken in.

Dawn that morning disclosed the plight of the trio. They were near the southern edge of the town, separated from the river and their own lines by a quarter of a mile of flat, open ground. Looking across the river, they could see the hillside where they knew American sentinels and artillery observers were stationed and, looking to the north, they could see another hillside where they knew German sentinels and observers were on the alert.

They were in No Man's Land—that part of No Man's Land claimed at night time by the Germans and held by isolated machine-gun crews who, with the passing of darkness, discreetly withdrew to the high ground behind.

Too Risky To Try

If they made a dash for the American lines, they had the strip of open ground to cross and then the river, with a score of boche machine-guns firing from the rear. It was too risky, they decided. A run for it at night through the flanking fire of the machine-guns near the river was just as unfeasible.

The two engineers went into executive conference and decided to stick it out indefinitely, waiting for the German withdrawal from the Vesle, which they knew was momentarily expected. It began to look as if they were going to get a close-up on it.

They took their first aid packets and bound up the wounds of De Blase and held an inventory of their store

INDOOR SPORTS

By Tad



of provisions. They had, they found, six cans of salmon, two cans of beans and two canteens of water. In behalf of the beans it may be said that when, in the third day of hiding, they opened the last can, they ate them with relish and actually liked them.

The consumption of the last can of beans on the third day marked the total depletion of the larder. The last drop of water had gone some hours before. The difficulties brought on by hunger, thirst and, last, of room to move in were complicated the fourth day by the condition of the wounded man, who became feverish and at times hysterical.

Lost The Germans Hear

During the night it was necessary for one of the engineers to hold his hand constantly over De Blase's mouth to suppress hysterical mutterings which would have been heard by three Germans who, at nightfall, always appeared and manned a machine-gun pit 15 yards away on the other side of the road.

As the Germans would have overheard my conversation, it was a rule of the alert that no word would be spoken during darkness. Through all the five nights in the hole the two engineers crouched side by side, with never a word passing between them,

relieving each other in clamping a tender but firm hand over the wounded man's mouth.

On the fifth day the two decided they could hold out no longer. If they had remained 24 hours longer, they would have been liberated by the Americans, for on the day after they actually did get away, the Germans began their retreat northward. But of these plans they did not know, and when they talked it over they decided it was better to die making a fight than starve to death in a hole.

Just Before Daylight

They decided upon a break just before daylight, when there was enough light to guide them to the river and enough darkness to make the Germans' aim uncertain. Anyhow, they figured, they wouldn't get killed without result, for they certainly could put the nearest machine-gun crew out of commission.

The rush went off according to plan. With approaching dawn barely disclosing the river and the outlines of the hill beyond, the three emerged from their hole. Schultz supported De Blase, while Morrissey pulled the pins on two grenades, counted three, and tossed them at the German gun crew nearby.

The grenades exploded, there was a shriek in German, and the two engineers, the wounded man stumbling between them, were off toward the American lines. A dozen machine-

guns rattled behind them and on either side, but they were unhurt. They plunged into the Vesle, struggled across, and were safe.

In their five days of seclusion, Morrissey and Schultz had learned the habits and night-time whereabouts of several machine-gun crews, some of whom didn't go north with their companies when the Germans decided they didn't like the climate of the Vesle, not to speak of the two whose bodies were found beside the machine-gun at which Morrissey had tossed the grenades.



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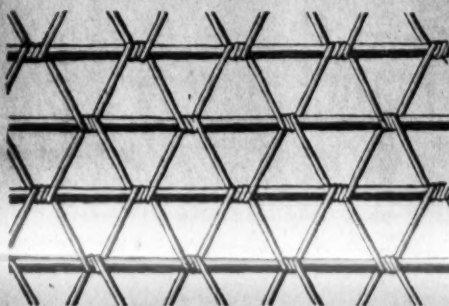
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NO AMERICAN SANTA FOR ARMY IN FRANCE

Great Pressure On Transport Will Exclude Christmas Parcels From United States

TROOPS TO INVITE FRENCH

Will Have Trees And Good Cheer In Towns And Villages To Make People Happy.

Paris, September 8.—Unless present plans are changed there will be no American Santa Claus for the doughboys in France this Winter. Mothers, wives, or sweethearts will not be permitted to send presents because of the need of tonnage for war essentials and because all the railway transportation in France will be required to move on up to the front the enormous quantities of supplies that will be kept flowing steadily across the ocean from now on.

But they can send the greatest Christmas gifts by subscribing liberally to relief organizations. If the mothers were here on the ground they could not do more for the doughboys than is now being done by the Government and relief societies.

More than one hundred carloads of last year's Christmas presents from home folks were in the depots and railroad yards as late as May this year. Nothing from now on can be permitted to interfere in the slightest with the lines of communication, and that means from the shores of America, straight across the ocean and up to every point on the fighting line. The plan now is to celebrate Christmas back home next year by the whole expeditionary force, and to accomplish that all non-essentials must be denied tonnage space this Winter. Presents to 2,400,000 boys in France might clog the whole machinery.

But there will be an American Santa Claus in France on the biggest scale the country ever knew. The entire American Army is going to be Santa to the French nation. Anticipating the formal announcement by army chiefs soon placing a ban on Christmas kits from the United States, the Y.M.C.A. directors are mapping out a plan whereby the doughboys will have Christmas trees in many cities and villages in France and be hosts to the French people.

As far as is possible and practicable many ancient customs and ceremonials will be revived, and the people of each village will be asked to aid in the spectacle. Pine trees from the Vosges and the Pyrenees will be erected in city parks and churches will be loaded with the little presents the doughboys donate to help emphasize the spirit of

Relatives Receive Punctured Photo Carried By Slain Yankee



PRIVATE CONRAD SELLER, of Hoboken, N. J., carried this picture over his heart when he went to France with the American forces. The woman in it is his only sister, Mrs. J. Remke. The little boy is her son. Seller took the picture along with him. Recently Mrs. Remke received it from one of his comrades in France. It was

America in France. In most places festive ceremonies will be the principal event with speechmaking and processions. In other sections where there are large numbers of refugees from Belgium and the districts devastated by the Hun's efforts will be made to load the trees with useful presents, all gifts from the American fighters.

There will be Christmas trees, too, in huts and rest centers. In great cathedrals and ancient churches special services will be held with the American note strong in the ceremonials. While the desire of the folks back home to send gifts at Christmas time is fully appreciated,

yet all must understand that the military blow comes ahead of everything.

General Harbord, Chief of the Supply Service, confirms the report that the ban will probably be placed on Christmas shipping from the United States. He said:

"We will require all available tonnage for troops and war essentials. Much confusion and interruption of traffic ensued last Winter because of the great number of Christmas packages. While the spirit back home is understood and appreciated, it is obvious that we must not add to the burdens that will be placed on shipping and transportation lines this Winter."

News Brevities

The new Chinese Press Law which has just been promulgated in Peking equips the police with power to suppress any newspaper summarily.

News has been received in Peking by cable of the death of Mr. Chester P. Siems, senior partner of the firm of Siems-Carey Railway and Canal Company. Mr. Siems, who was still under forty years of age, died at his home in the United States, succumbing to an attack of pneumonia.

A program of two lectures on eugenics will be given at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. by Prof. D. N. Kulp of the Shanghai Baptist College. The first one will be given this evening at 8:15 o'clock at Martyr's Memorial Hall and the other will be held at the same place a week from today. The public is invited.

The Ching Chung Middle School, Tanshan Road, will hold its annual sports Sunday, starting at 9 o'clock.

The Nursing Home in memory of Dr. Chu Shih-ming constructed in the Chinese Red Cross General Hospital, 263 Siccawei Road, will be officially opened this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

A sentence of five years' imprisonment was given a Chinese in the Mixed Court yesterday for participation in three armed robberies which occurred recently. The man was arrested while fleeing from the scene of a robbery on Fukien Road on the evening of October 27. A knife was found concealed on his person.

Mr. Julian Arnold, American Commercial Attaché and delegate to the China Tariff Revision Commission, returned to Shanghai yesterday following a week's visit to Peking.

Shareholders of the North China Insurance Co., Ltd., will meet at their head office November 19 at 4:30 o'clock.

A grand variety entertainment will be held at the Olympic Theater tomorrow evening at 9 o'clock in aid of the Italian War Funds. Italian war films, depicting the operations of the Italian navy, will be screened.

As a result of instructions from Peking to host the national flag on occasions when Allies celebrate their victories, the rainbow-colored banner was conspicuously numerous yesterday in the much-be-flagged Settlement.

Call For Basketball Men

Rowing Club members who are interested in basketball are asked to report at the clubhouse at 8:30 o'clock this evening when a practice session will be held.

Prospects for an interesting basketball season are brightening and it is hoped that the Rowing Club will be able to place at least one first class five in the field. The navy men, who are showing up well in the afternoon practices, have a prospect of two fast teams.

Sports Correspondence

A Plea For Chinese Football Players Editor, THE CHINA PRESS.

Dear Sir,—I have read with much interest the suggestion made as regards the inclusion of teams from Nanyang College and St. John's University in the Shanghai Association Football League. The suggestion is an excellent one inasmuch as it will give the competitions a decided fillip and I feel sure many football followers and supporters would approve of the idea. Undoubtedly the executives of the Siccawei and Jesfield educational institutions would welcome the proposals if they were properly approached by the Shanghai Football Association in the matter.

Now that foreign and Chinese interests are being welded together in a state of complete harmony as was demonstrated by the recent historical gathering in the Town Hall, the time has certainly arrived for all previous prejudices and racial differences to be cast aside and it seems to me that no end of good would be done by meeting "Young China" on our playing fields and indulging in friendly encounters in order to thus foster our friendly relations with the future generation of China.

The non-admittance of Chinese to the Race Course may prove a thorny

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point to the scheme but as the teams from the big local Chinese colleges wear foreign apparel, I fail to see where the line of demarcation is to be made.

I shall feel much obliged to you if you will be good enough to give this letter publication with a view

of the substance eventually reaching official headquarters.

Thanking you in anticipation,

I am, dear Sir,
Yours faithfully,
A. H. LAMJE,
Hon. Coach Nanyang College Football Teams.

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WEATHER

Very cloudy weather with strong
northerly winds along the whole
coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI NOVEMBER 6, 1918

Shall Japan Join League Of Nations?

THE following article throwing a cold douche on the idea of Japan's joining the coming League of Nations appears in the *Kokumin*: For a long while the present war appeared before the eyes of the Japanese people as a war in Europe, not as the world war, so that they have paid little attention to the causes and effects of the war. Especially President Wilson's repeated declaration on the creation of a league of nations, which now becomes one of the fundamental issues of the Allied peace terms, has had almost no appeal to the careless mind of the Japanese people. They ignored it, thinking that the idea was the mere dream of a political idealist which could not be realized under all circumstances. But the Japanese people should know as to how many things which they have thought as mere dreams of dreamers have been realized, or at least are in the course of realization as the result of the present war. For instance, America's participation in the war was a dream to their eyes, but it was realized. They thought that it was impossible to see a million American soldiers on the Western front. But within one year and half America has actually sent two million men to the battlefields overseas. They, especially those who have known nothing but admiration for the military strength of Germany, have thought that the newly-recruited American soldiers would be unable to fight competently against the well-trained German army. But they should now realize that it is nothing but these newly recruited American soldiers that has decided the fate of the Allied forces. Americans are dreamers, but, at the same time they know the ways and means of realizing their dreams.

The League of Nations, which guarantees the permanent peace of the world, is also very likely to be realized, as long as America is leading the movement. The idea is not a new one before the eyes of the American people. Mr. Roosevelt, when he was the master of the White House, once proposed the idea of forming a league of Powers, including America, Great Britain, Germany, Russia and Japan. Then an almost similar idea was proposed by Mr. Taft. It is his movement for international arbitration. Both Roosevelt and Taft failed in their movements as the time was not then ripe, but now the situation has changed as the result of the war, and there are reasons to believe that Mr. Wilson will be able to attain the end.

What does the so-called League of Nations mean? In a word, it is a league of nations which guarantees the peace of the world, under a satisfactory agreement among all the Powers to prevent the repetition of war. Certainly the idea is an admirable one, but is it really advisable for Japan to participate in the movement? Indeed, there are many things to be carefully considered before Japan makes up her mind to become one of the members of the league. For instance, is it advisable for Japan to reduce her armaments entirely in accordance with the dictation of the other Allies? Is it really possible for the white people to abandon all their race-prejudices and give equal opportunities to other races? In fact, there are many other important questions to be solved before the Japanese people make up their mind to join the movement started by the American President and approved by many leading statesmen in the West.

Forgiving Themselves

(New York Tribune)

HERR Mathias Erzberger, Central leader in the Reichstag and one of the Kaiser's valued handy men whenever a new season for German peace offensives opens, has come out strongly for a League of Nations. It is to be a let-by-gones-be-gones league, of course; for Herr Erzberger naively lists its charter members in this order of precedence: Germany, Great Britain, France, the United States and Russia.

All memories of the hostile coalitions of the present are to be obliterated. Germany is willing to turn her back on her Allies of today in order to secure her own position tomorrow. Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria, she concedes, may come into the league as mere subsidiaries. So may Italy. Italy, a seceder from the former Triple Alliance, cannot be a charter member.

Having taken a seat at the board of directors of the League of Nations, Germany will earnestly seek, according to Herr Erzberger's plans, to re-establish herself through an enjoyment of all the pooling rights and economic guarantees of the new partnership. For instance, she is to enjoy freedom of trade everywhere and is to share equally in the distribution of the world's surplus raw materials. She is to be taken back without qualification into fellowship with Great Britain, France, the United States and Russia—nations which she wantonly attacked and which had to combine to crush her as a common bandit, a defiant violator of all the obligations of international good faith and of all the sanctities of civilized conduct.

Herr Erzberger is a low comedian of note. He was associated with Philipp Scheidemann, the camouflaged Socialist, in the passage of the famous Reichstag resolution setting forth Germany's adherence to the principle of "no annexations and no indemnities." At that moment Germany felt a little despondent. But later, when Russia collapsed and there was a chance to satisfy German appetite in the East, he and Scheidemann and the Reichstag majority never raised a whimper over the monstrous spoliation of the Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest treaties.

To the German mind no excess in the way of political immorality can seem immoral. The German conscience is seared and deadened. German intelligence is warped. For the blistering opinion which the world at large has of the German he confidently substitutes his own miserable self-justification—that if he has done anything "irregular" in this war he has done it under the stress of "military necessity."

The wonders of German psychology are myriad. It is one of the most revolting of them that a German statesman like Erzberger can placidly assume that the nations which have allied themselves to repair and avenge Germany's crimes and to stamp out forever the hideous thing which Germany is today should be willing to admit that mass of foulness, unpurged and unrepentant, into a world council of the future.

If there is a League of Nations after the war Germany will not sit at the head of the council board or figure arrogantly, as of yore, in its proceedings. She will enter it abashed and chastened, if she enters it at all. Germany's sins are as scarlet. The leper she has become must be quarantined until both soul and body are cleansed.

There are, therefore, some marvelous surprises in store for German leaders who think that after the war all that Germany has to do is to appear again in the company of other nations, crying light-heartedly: "I have forgiven myself. Look to it, therefore, that all the rest of you grant me forgiveness."

Then And Now

1913
The stars looked down: but the erring world was mad.
And the dust of tawdry living filled its eyes;
And glamor-blinded hearts were striving to be glad
In the glories of a man-made Paradise—
So that no one saw the pale, pure stars
Agleam across the night
(Human eyes forever lowered to the sod).
And his creatures as they struggled
In search of gold or might
Had no time to lift their faces to their God.
1918
The stars looked down: but the chastened world was grave,
For its hands were busy binding bleeding wounds;
And sorrow-softened hearts were trying to be brave
Mid the terrifying din of battle sounds—
But at evening, when night's shadows fell on poverty and pain,
On the vileness and the valor of its wars,
As the workers kept white vigil o'er the wounded and the slain
They lifted driven faces to the stars.
—LEWIS BEAUCHAMP POLLOCK, in *Everybody's*.

Peace Only By German Defeat

(New York Times)

From the beginning of the war the German press has habitually attempted to deceive its public by a false and perverted presentation of extracts from British, French, and American newspapers, publishing only such quotations as would serve its purpose, while omitting comment of a character not suited to the German taste. The Dusseldorf *Nachrichten* conforms to this practice in printing a despatch of the Telegraph Union News Agency, purporting to have been sent from Paris, in which it is represented that "a strong American opposition exists against President Wilson's rapid rejection of Baron Burián's note." "The opposition group," continues the despatch, "whose mouthpiece is the New York Times, sees in peace negotiations the sole means of ending the war." There is no opposition group in this country, and if there were, the New York Times could not be its mouthpiece. The Times supports the President in all his war policies, including the rejection of the Austrian proposal. The country supports him unanimously, there is no opposition, grouped or otherwise. The German newspaper is further quoted as saying: "Despite press accounts representing American opinion as unanimously chauvinistic, the opposition has proved by the New York Times, which advocates the acceptance of the Austrian proposal, the existence of a peace current in America."

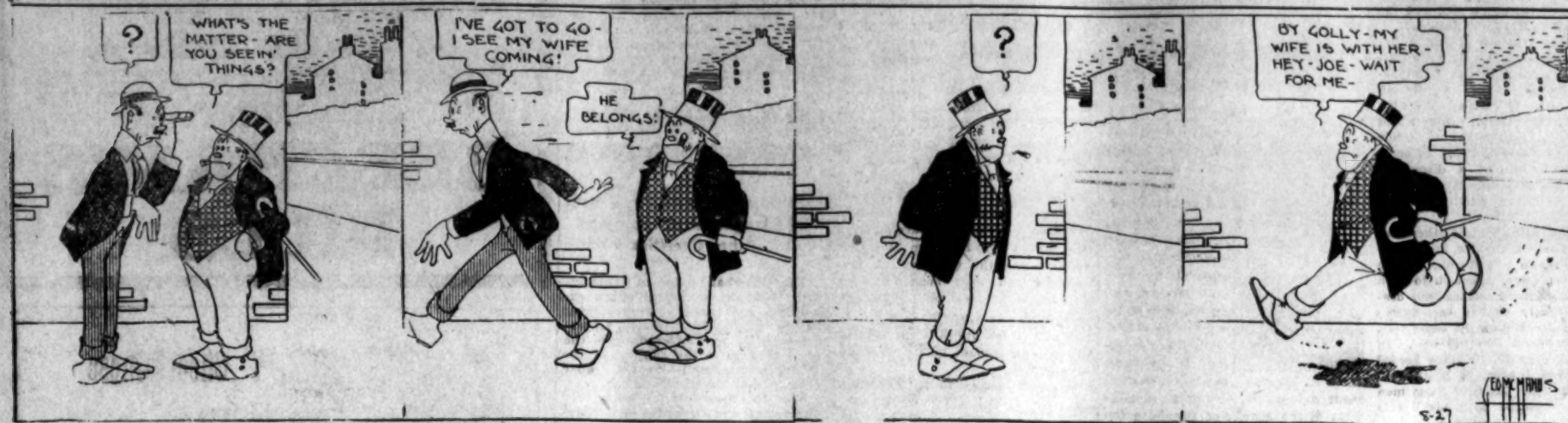
There is an irreducible current here, but it is for war and not peace, and it is set in motion by the diabolical crimes of Germany; there is no peace current and there will be none until those crimes are atoned for. If the Dusseldorf newspaper will reprint the entire article on which this despatch is based its readers will see that the Times viewed the Austrian note as a confession of defeat; it was "not of the kind that victors send forth." And while, under this first impression, it did feel that a preliminary conference might be held on the assumption of admitted defeat and an acceptance of President Wilson's principles of peace by the Central Powers. The Austrian proposal could be assented to only on conditions that embraced the surrender by the Central Powers of all the territorial spoil of war now in their possession, conditions compelling the relinquishment of every advantage gained which might avail Germany in any attempt to bring upon the world again "this agony," which President Wilson has said "must not be gone through with again."

Let the Dusseldorf *Nachrichten*, or any other German newspaper, be candid and courageous enough to reprint this passage from the article in question: "A peace that left Germany master of the East would be a crime against ourselves and our posterity. Over the lands

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



These Cookery Books

It was a lumber-camp in the Far West. A new hand had just been signed on, and the foreman was deciding what work he was to do. "Can you cook?" he asked. "No," said the man; "but once I bought a cookery book." "Well, and didn't you learn anything from that?" asked the foreman slightly surprised. "No; it was too stupid," came the answer. "Everything in that book began with 'Take a clean saucepan.'"

Our Guess

(From The Detroit News)

Our guess is that the Crown Prince, if he gets close enough, eventually will be picked off by some Yankee who was known back home as an expert squirrel shooter.

8,400 War Laws In Germany

Since the outbreak of the world war 8,400 special war laws have gone into effect in Germany, and besides this the Federal Council has issued 33,000 special regulations, according to a statement made by Dr. Cruger, a Progressive Party member of the Prussian Landtag, and quoted in the Berliner Tageblatt of July 31.

The Kaiser Speaks

I'll cogitate and meditate. Exasperate, prevaricate. I'll implicate and I'll berate. My implicate forces dispatate. I'll subjugate and violate; Aggravate, annihilate. Accumulate, assassinate. But though I am a reprobate. Inclined to any form of hate. I'm darned if I will abdicate!

Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

A Cruise Among The 'Leathernecks' On The Firing-Line

From the case of Nick, the Cleveland barber, who judged from the frequency of shells that this is "one reg-g-g-ular war," to the cheerful "leatherneck" who sat gazing at the sky and plucking dandelions in No Man's Land, "C. C." discovered an unusual amount of local color on his inland voyage among the front-line marines. "C. C." kept a "log" of his trip, and The Headquarters Herald, written by the men at General American Headquarters, somewhere in France, publishes the log.

"skipper" to "go up front and cruise along the line," relates his adventures as follows:

Along about seven bells of the third watch I met up with a leatherneck troop-train and clambered aboard. All lights were out. For three hours the train crawled along in pitch darkness. Then we sighted a gleam on our starboard quarter and hove to for a few minutes for hot coffee. After that we kept steadily on our course, about six knots an hour, until daylight.

At the French rest-camp we filled our canteens from some scuttie butta, washed up, and set sail again. For chow we broke out iron rations and canned bill.

Nothing else happened till we made port, except that we sounded another chow call.

I shoved off ahead of the rest of the outfit, broke out a compass, plotted out my bearings, and laid a course up a long dusty pike toward the trenches. A Hun airplane soared up from behind the hills dead ahead and a battery of 7's turned loose on him. He stood by to go about; then streaked it for home.

In a billet town midway down the long valley I sighted some of our forest green uniforms again and picked up word about the first of our outfits to reach the trenches. This outfit is particularly proud of its band, instead of leaving their precious instruments in the training area, the musics brought up everything they owned.

When the troop-train dropped anchor the musics came ashore toot-awweet and piled up their gear on the dock.

Some jealous German hand must have tipped off the Hun artillery about the opportunity that lay open.

"Whee-ee-ee! Bloo-ey!"

A shell came sailing through the blue and scored a nice hit on a pile of seabags. Ptl, one base drum. Ditto, one oboe. They found the oboe's case again, but no oboe. Casualties: two mules and the moral of a set of band instruments.

Fair sailing now. A steady breeze, sou'sou'east. Nothing to report but two leathernecks taking a turn in a shell-hole close beside the road.

Along about chow-time hailed some more marines quartered in huts in the woods on a hillside, and put it to port for the night. A snug harbor. Four men were pitching horseshoes. Another was carving his initials on a tree, possibly with a sentimental hope to return here on some future cruise.

The officers had a little wardroom in a tar-paper shack, a piece of gunnysack for a door-mat, and a carbide lighting plant. A French artillery officer sat down to mess with us. After chow we lit the smoking-lamp, talked shop, and held a song-service. We led off with "Madelon," as a matter of international courtesy, and gave most of the rest of the watch to negro melodies, as these appeared to tickle our guest's fancy the most. And then, just before hammocks, we let go with the old marine hymn that has been carried into so many far places along with the eagle, globe, and anchor:

From the halls of Montezuma
To the shores of Tripoli,
We fight our country's battles
On the land as on the sea—

I wondered then if in all our country's history that song had ever been heard before so far from tide-water.

Up anchor the next day in heavy weather; rain and a head wind; slippery decks. The first port made was a dugout sick bay. A good old navy 21-striper medic in charge. A pharmacist's mate was standing by in a sou'wester and rubber boots, with his steel bowl set aside like a watch cap.

"If any one had told me a year ago that I'd be on a rough cruise like this and liking it, I guess you know the seagull's growl I'd have let out," he observed. "Sting little place, this sick bay. Kind of dark and close quarters. Have to carry all your water in pails, like on a destroyer. If the shells would only rock it more, I'd feel right at home."

"C. C." In a burst of enthusiasm, mentions "The Oxtender Watch," as typical of the comfort of the accommodations along this front. This watch "has it fifty ways on Paris." There are electric lights, and "the chow is none of your salt and punk variety."

Finally, it has a barber. "C. C." writes of this great tonsorial trench convenience: The regimental barber has rigged

up a shop in a dugout with a full line of gileys and gadgets, including bay rum, cold-cream, talcum, and plenty of hot water. His only regret is that he has to make his customers get the right neck-elevation in the camp-chair by asking them to put their feet on an adjacent bed. Nick, the Cleveland barber, is a good deal impressed by the noise outside. He looked out at the shells cracking overhead on the first day and shook his head.

"Gosh!" he remarked, "this is a reg-g-g-ular war!"

Within rope's throw of the trenches and not five hundred yards from the German lines we had luffin with the skipper who served us with the following menu:

Vegetable Soup	Ham
Beef	Bread and Butter
Hot Biscuits	Dandelion Salad
(Picked in No Man's Land)	Mashed Potatoes
Cheese	Confiture
Vin rouge	Coffee
Vin blanc	

"I've been at this game twenty years," the skipper explained in answer to compliments on the fare, "and believe in giving my outfit a cook, not a can-opener." He was much disturbed because the oil and vinegar had run low. He had ordered more, but it had failed to come up in time for chow. The sergeant, called in from the gallery by a dry-cell battery buzzer, deposed that the fault lay with the "coxswain of that steam bicycle" which had engine trouble on the road from the Quartermaster depot.

In answer to queries, the skipper reported nobody was anybody on the binnacle list, and nobody in the brig. Things had been fairly quiet in the sector, and no one had been either seriously wounded or gassed.

One of the leatherneck positions has the shape of an old-fashioned beehive, with trenches running around it in spiral. It was as truly busy as a beehive, too, for an inspection was pending and everybody was policing quarters and cleaning up rifles and gear.

We stowed a course around the circumference of the hive. The Hun was sending over an occasional shell, but in a rather half-hearted and aimless fashion. Nobody seemed to mind in the least. We sighted one marine in a little patch of woods in No Man's Land, blandly smoking and looking up at the sky. Another was nipping dandelion greens. The conducting officer explained that they went there on liberty in lieu of a shore leave.

"A man gets bilged, you know, if he sticks around in a ditch all the time."

When we got around to the more exposed sector of the hill, we had to keep our heads down and do our observing from designated lookouts.

One spot that is particularly pleasing to the leatherneck fancy is a machine-gun emplacement in the hill's forecastle. The visitor descends on a buried companionway into a glory-hole a couple of fathoms underground, then comes up topside by a Jacob's ladder to a camouflaged bridge. The deck is muddy and there is only a tiny slit of anchor light, but the place has a strong appeal to the seafaring fancy, as it very much resembles a coal-bunker.

The leathernecks have another lookout in a tree, which every one describes as the "maintop."

Take it all in all, the marines are mighty well content. If the Hun tries to ram them he will find out who is on the job, and find it pronto.

Anyway, He's Fighting

Sergeant Lester S. Lowell, of the Headquarters Company of the 103d Field Artillery, writes to his brother in Boston, under date of August 3:

"I want to tell you about a fellow here. He is an American, but when the war got going he went to England and enlisted in a Scottish regiment. They probably knew he was an American, but they winked and signed him up for three years. So he put on kilts and went to war. He served three years and two months. He was in the first gas attack (Ypres, 1915) and has also fought in Egypt and Turkey. His regiment was in London after his three years and two months were up. In the meantime America had entered the war and there were recruiting offices in London. This man applied to his regimental commander for a discharge, but it was refused. One day he was given a twenty-four-hour leave of absence. He went to the American recruiting office and said he wished to join the army. Mind you he was in full uniform, kilts and all, at the time. He was shown in to a recruiting officer. He showed the officer papers to prove he was born in Alabama."

"All right," said the officer. "You're an American citizen, and you want to enlist?"

"Yes, sir."

"Ever had any previous military experience?" said the officer, smiling. (No wonder he smiled. The fellow was wearing three wound-stripes at the time.)

"No, sir," said the fellow.

"The officer sent him to a major with a note, saying: 'Please hear this man's story and take whatever action you think best.'"

"The major read it, and then

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GERMANS DISCOVER A NEW ATROCITY

Play Liquid Fire Over Wounded
Prisoners Herded In A
Blind Trench

STORY TOLD BY SURVIVOR

His Statement Under Oath Be-
fore A Military Court Con-
firmed By Sufferers

By Lieut. R. S. M. Sturges
Early in April of this year a private of the Black Watch was admitted to a Liverpool hospital suffering from severe burns on arms, hands and thighs. He said he had received these burns during the fighting which took place in the neighborhood of Arras on March 28, and of the manner in which he had received them he had a remarkable and ghastly story to tell. His remarkable and so ghastly story was his story that a military court of inquiry was held, and he was required to repeat his story on oath before the court.

The man is a young Scot of 19. He is intelligent and educated. A cross-examination showed that so far from exaggerating the facts, he had been prone rather to understate them. He began his story by narrating the events leading up to the German attack near Arras on the early morning of March 28. After a violent bombardment, the Germans attacked at dawn in mass, and forced back his battalion by sheer weight of numbers. He himself, in company with about thirty other men and an officer, was cut off, surrounded and compelled to surrender. He himself was unhurt, but the officer and most of the men were wounded. From this point I will give the story in his own words, exactly as he told it on oath before the court:

"Almost immediately the Germans were on top of us, having worked up the trench behind us, and some also came over the top; I should say about fifty or sixty came all together. There appeared to be a German officer or warrant officer there. "We were deprived of our arms and marched down about 200 or 300 yards to what appeared to be the end of a trench, which had been widened out to a width of about nine feet; the depth of this inclosure appeared to be about six feet and the length about nine to twelve feet. The sides were both perpendicular, and any one wishing to climb out that way would have to pull himself over. The end of the inclosure appeared to have been smashed up and was not perpendicular, but sloping.

The officer who was taken prisoner was with us in this inclosure. We were quite tightly packed up together in the inclosure. I happened to be one of the first to go in, and, accordingly, was one of the furthest from the entrance. All the Germans I saw were wearing great coats with full equipment and "tin" helmets.

"After about fifteen minutes the men who had remained on guard seemed to disappear, and almost at the same time two men appeared in the trench at the entrance to the inclosure. One of the two Germans had no equipment or rifle, and he was carrying a revolver and appeared to be an officer. The other German was also not wearing equipment, but had strapped to his back a cylinder with a flexible tube over his shoulder, the end of which he was holding in his hand.

"Just as he reached the entrance a flame spurted out in a stream from the pipe and caught the men who were nearest to the entrance. When I saw the flame I immediately dropped down as far as I could and got my face on the ground. The other men were lying in heaps around and partly on me. I heard the hissing sound for a short while, and it then stopped and started again.

"During this time the men were shrieking and writhing about. I should say that the flame was playing for about half a minute the first time, and the second time it reached right to the back where I was, and the back of my overcoat and tunic caught fire. By this time all the men were on the ground. I struggled to get my overcoat and tunic off, and in doing so I struck me that I might be able to get away by going up the sloping end of the inclosure. I got my overcoat and tunic off, and then bolted up the slope and got round behind where the two Germans were. When I was passing behind the German officer he shot at me from the trench with his revolver at about twenty yards, but missed. At that time I was unarmed and without my tunic. I was badly burned in the back, on both hands, in my

left knee, and the back of my hair was singed."

There follows an account of his struggle back to his battalion, of his treatment at the dressing station in Arras, and of his journey to England. Of the fate of the other men and the wounded officer he knew nothing.

Such is the evidence of this young Scotsman, given in plain unembellished language in the unimpassioned atmosphere of a British military court. It carries conviction by its very simplicity. One would like, however, to disbelieve the whole story and to waive it aside as some horrible nightmare of a disordered brain, but unfortunately there is corroborative evidence which is overwhelming.

Three other men in three other hospitals—in London, Dundee, and Birmingham—likewise suffering from severe burns, have, unknown to each other, made similar statements describing precisely similar experiences in the same locality on the same date. But the instances are different. In one case the prisoners were herded together in a dugout, in another in the open trench. Each of these men managed to escape with his life to tell the tale.

In the face of this evidence, derived from four distinct sources, we are compelled to face the fact that on March 28 during the attack on Arras, the Germans deliberately and systematically rid themselves of their British prisoners of war by burning them alive with liquid fire.

Austrian Ruler To Yield Throne

(Continued from Page 1)

Pasubio. Other Italian armies continue to advance irresistibly. Our prisoners now number 100,000 and we have taken more than 2,500 guns.

An Italian official communique reports that the Italians have occupied Rovereto.

Amsterdam, November 3.—A message from Vienna states that the Statthalter and other Austrian authorities left Trieste on Wednesday when a public welfare committee, consisting of Italians and Slovenes, took over the administration of the town. This committee sent a torpedo-boat to Venice to request the commander of the Entente fleet to occupy Trieste in order to prevent excesses by Austrian troops fleeing from Italy. It is expected that an American squadron will occupy Trieste.

London, November 4.—A British Italian official communique reports: The 10th Army on November 3 reached the line Villotta, Praturlino, Meduna River eastward of Pordenone, San Quirino and Aviano. Our advance continues. The number of prisoners taken exceeds 14,000, of whom 1,000 were captured by the 14th Corps Mounted Troops. The 48th Division in operation on the Asiago Plateau has captured 470 prisoners and thirteen guns.

All Of Italy Celebrates Last Sweeping Victory

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, November 4.—The news of the liberation of Udine, Treviso and Trieste led to spontaneous demonstrations in all towns in Italy. An immense procession was formed in the Corso Umberto in Rome, which, amid frantic cheers, marched to the capitol where the historic bell was sounded in recognition of the feat.

Bolshevism Still A Menace From Military Standpoint

Weak As Political And Social Influence But, Under
German Leadership, Offers Obstacle To Czechs

By Dwight K. Grady
(Staff Correspondence)



D. K. Grady

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 25.—Bolshevism as a social power in Russia is rapidly weakening; as a military force directed and disciplined by German officers and agents, it is still a menace to Allied interests, according to American army officers at headquarters here. Along the Russian front in the district of Orenburg the Bolshevik forces are strong enough to impede the progress of the Czechs, whom they greatly outnumber. It is estimated by army authorities here that there are about 75,000 effectives in the ranks, offered to a large extent by Germans.

As a political influence Bolshevism is no longer feared. In the north popular feeling is in favor of the party, but the districts are so poverty-stricken and in such need that the Germans are not interested and therefore are not seeking to spread or further Bolshevistic ideas. In the southern part of Russia and the Ukraine, of course, different methods are being employed by the Germans in their campaign toward Turkestan, where approximately 35,000 Austrians and Germans are imprisoned. The policy in the south which the Germans are pursuing is one of extreme friendliness and "fatherly" interest. They have succeeded in winning over great numbers of Russians who are now in the ranks opposing their former Allies.

The result of the German policy has been to make progress in the north toward Volga comparatively easy, but exceedingly difficult in the south. South of the city and district of Orenburg are located large cotton yielding areas and the Germans are making strenuous efforts to retain their grip there.

Whichever way the Bolsheviks turn they must fight. If they accept the Brest-Litovsk treaty they openly admit they agree with German doctrines; if they repudiate the treaty as true patriots they must fight the Germans. As the Germans have intrigued their way straight to the hearts of the Bolsheviks the course followed by the party is natural.

A situation has developed in Russia that is almost "queer." While the Czechs are being held in the neighborhood of Samara, Kanale, Orenburg and south, progress is easy but rather impracticable to the north. It seems

that if this situation continues to exist the Allied forces from Archangel and Siberia will meet, while a parallel line is being forged by the enemy forces to the south. Germany is, of course, not interested in Petrograd, but is definitely so in Turkestan. If fighting is continued and the German campaign toward Turkestan not frustrated a new Northern front will develop, with the Germans on the southern and more congenial edge. This danger, however, is not considered serious, not only in view of the strength of the Allies from Siberia, but also on account of the nearness of winter.

The real danger to be eliminated according to the military authorities here is being brought on by the rapid growth of the monarchist reaction. Under Miliukof, hundreds of influential and property owning individuals throughout all the Russias are swinging toward the Germans. These men, it is believed, are on the whole true patriots, but under the impression that German "friendship" is better than Bolshevik oppression and misrule. Despairing of ever seeing a decent form of republicanism evolved from the present tangle, they have—in an unostentatious way—been swinging Germanyward.

This danger is not military. It will be social, and therefore far more important. To allow it to grow in power until it controls all Russia will be to render the world as unsafe for peace and democracy as it was before the war.

It is this question which is attracting the attention of the farseeing. Moral work is being carried on along extensive lines in order to combat this movement, as strongly as possible. This is, of course, represented by Allied expeditionary forces in Siberia, by various organizations carrying on

extensive campaigns to relieve suffering and by strong governmental demonstrations of friendship by the Allied countries. Before the Allies can realize a victorious peace, they must actually win Russia. Otherwise, while they have achieved the ideals for which they stand, yet the materialistic problems, in an altered form which did so much to bring on the war, will still exist as a menace to the future peace of the world.

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW AT NEW WORLD FRIDAY

Exhibition Arranged For Benefit
Of Shanghai Orphanage And
Other Charities

The Shanghai Industrial Orphanage will hold a chrysanthemum exhibition for three days beginning Friday at the New World amusement building. Proceeds of the affair will go to the support of the Orphanage as well as the Poor Women and Children's Home.

The fête promises to be a very interesting and attractive one. There will be a great many curious and other articles on display besides the flowers. Those who wish to assist the institution either by contribution or by the sending of articles for exhibition should communicate with Mr. Nicolas J. Kao, president of the Orphanage.



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this excellent preparation. Without a doubt it has proved one of those boons constantly in demand. By taking Beecham's Pills as occasion requires and according to the directions, the organs of digestion, assimilation and excretion are kept in good order and consequently an enjoyable condition of health is the result. Life is always more of a pleasure and less of a worry to those who occasionally use

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MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2860.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 5, 1918.
Money And Bullion
Sovereigns: buying rate.
@ 5/11=Ts. 3.90
@ exch. 73.9=Mex. \$3.28
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 122=Ts. 31.97
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.6
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Ts. 273
Copper Cash: per tael 1272
Native Interest: .14

Latest London Quotations
Bar Silver: 491d.
Bank Rate of Discount: 5%
Ex. Paris on London: Fr. 26.08
Ex. N. Y. on London: T.T. \$4.76

Exchange Closing Quotations
London: T.T. 5/11
India: Demand 5/11
Paris: T.T. 671
New York: Demand 674
Hongkong: T.T. 123
Japan: Demand 1221
Batavia: T.T. 283
Singapore: T.T. 453

Banks Buying Rates
London: Demand 5/21
London: 4 m/s. Cds. 5/4
London: 4 m/s. Doey. 5/41
London: 6 m/s. Cds. 5/43
London: 6 m/s. Doey. 5/43
Paris: 4 m/s. 782
New York: 9/8 Doey. 1231
New York: 4 m/s. 1252

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Nominal Buying Rate
For Roubles
Roubles 1,250: Ts. 100
Roubles 100: Mex. \$10.75
Customs House Exchange Rates For November
Hk. Ts. 3.49 @ 5/11
" 1 @ 1.60 Mex. \$1.50
" 1 @ 674 France 7.51
" 0.73 @ 1221 Gold \$1
" 1 @ 441 Yen 2.48
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.30
" 1 @ — Roubles —

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The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

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North China Insurance Co. Report

Following is the report of the North China Insurance Co., Ltd., for the year ending June 30, 1918:
1917.—The Balance at Credit of this Account is Tails 734,688.20 and deducting an interim dividend of 15 percent aggregating Tails 23,802.81 paid on May 1 last, writing Tails 25,493.59 off Gold Securities, and transferring Tails 100,000 to Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account, there remains a sum of Tails 572,391.80 which the Directors recommend should be appropriated in the following manner:
A Final Dividend of 15 percent on the Paid-up Capital making 23 percent for the year.
A Bonus of 15 percent upon Contributory Marine Premium.
£20,000 transferred to Sterling Reserve, bringing this fund up to £20,000.
Tails 25,000 written off Premiums.
And the balance to be transferred to Underwriting Reserve Account, closing the account for 1917.
1918.—The balance at credit of Working Account to June 30 amounts to Tails 798,592.62.
Directors.—Mr. J. Thomson Dis-seluff was invited to fill the vacancy caused by the departure from Shanghai of Mr. P. A. Fairchild. During the year Mr. Eugene Binder of Messrs. Oliver and Co., accepted a seat on the Board, in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association the Directors all retire but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Rubber Outputs

	Sept.	Oct.
Alma	33,000	
Amherst	1,859	5,400
Anglo-Dutch	56,500	81,300
Anglo-Java	159,000	177,000
Ayer Tawah	28,003	24,000
Batu Anam	23,000	
Bukit Toh Alang	14,461	
Bute	15,513	
Chemor	5,200	8,700
Cheng	22,363	19,854
Consolidated	53,712	
Dominion	43,463	
Gula Kalumpung	73,000	
Java Consolidated	54,000	59,000
Kamunting	21,825	
Kapala	11,777	
Kapayang	9,800	
Kara	33,640	36,245
Kota Bahru	39,000	45,000
Kroeyok	79,090	71,985
Langkat	24,000	
Permat	5,717	
Pengkalan	44,502	15,647
Repah	18,000	
Samagana	16,580	
Semambu	15,841	
See Kea	35,353	44,200
Shanghai-Malay	14,789	
Shanghai-Kelantan	7,858	11,033
Shanghai-Seremban	13,496	
Shanghai-Pahang	71,220	61,150
Shanghai-Sumatra	10,195	8,555
Sua Manggis	27,262	
Sungai	12,311	
Tanah Merah	24,000	
Tebong	60,000	
Uluohi	5,246	
Ziangbe	61,000	

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service
London, October 31.—Today's Silver prices were:
Bar Silver Spot, 49 1/4d. quiet.
Previous quotation, London, Oct. 29:
Bar Silver Spot, 49 1/4d. quiet.

Stock Exchange

Transactions
Shanghai, November 5, 1918.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
Official
Consolidated Ts. 2.60
Shanghai Gas Ts. 24.00
Shanghai Lands Ts. 69.00
Telephones Ts. 79.00
Shanghai Kelantans Ts. 6.60
Unofficial
Langkats Ts. 20.00 December
Shanghai Cottons Ts. 147.00 Dec.
Shanghai Docks Ts. 146.00 Dec.
Consolidated Ts. 2.60
Shanghai Lands Ts. 69.50

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions
Shanghai, November 5, 1918.
BUSINESS DONE
Official
Kotas Ts. 5.00 cash
Shanghai Docks Ts. 147.00 Dec.
Unofficial
Almas Ts. 8.00 cash

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received from the Sumatra Director and Manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bouch-en Landbouweexploitatie in Langkat.
The output of crude oil for the week ended November 3, was 292 tons. The output for October was 3,271 tons net.

Hankow Market

Finance and Money Market
Bills were on offer to a moderate extent during the week under review, and there was some T.T. done inter-bank. With the high rates of interest obtainable at Shanghai tael remittance was in demand, the native market rate fell below shipping point. Banks are reported as importing sycee in fairly large quantities for the settlement on November 2. Business in T.T. on Shanghai was reported at 96.7 by foreign banks, and 96.75 was quoted at the close. Dollars varied, opening at 71.3 buyers and 71.4 sellers Chinese market and rose to 71.65 and 71.85, closing firm. Interest: 18 percent. Changsha exchange: 34 1/2.

Exports
This market remains quiet and unchanged. Some business has been done in Tallow and Gallnuts, and there are enquiries in the market for Beans. Wood Oil is weaker.

Imports
This market continues quiet but firm.
There is a distinct improvement in clearances of Greys, Whites, Black and Yarn, and some business is reported in Yarn and Native Sheetings at slightly better rates than have been ruling lately.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkong market as compiled on November 5, 1918.

Butcher's Meat	per lb.	14-20
Beef		14-20
Mutton		16-20
Pork		25-30
Veal		25-30
Fish	per lb.	18-20
Bream		18-20
Cod		14-16
Mandarin		20-40
Mackerel		25-30
Pomfret		25-30
Salmon		18-20
Samul		none
Sole		16-20
Whitebait		none
Game, Poultry And Eggs	each	\$2.00-2.50
Dear		40-70
Duck		18-20
Eggs		18-20
Langkat		18-20
Fowl		16-20
Geese		10-11.00
Hare		25-30
Partridge		35-40
Pheasant		50-60
Pigeons		15-16
Plover		none
Quail		14-16
Snipe		12-14
Turkey		35-40
Teal		12-14
Wild Duck		30-35
Wild Geese		30-40
Wild Pigeons		10-12
Fruit	per lb.	none
Apricots		12-20
Apples		6-7
Bananas		none
Cherries		10-12
Chestnuts		10-12
Figs		none
Grapes		16-18
Lemons		7
Lichees		none
Mangoes		none
Mongosteens		none
Melons		none
Oranges		6-8
Peaches		10-16
Pears		12-16
Persimmons		10
Peaches		none
Plums		none
Pumpkins		15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries		none
Walnuts		12-14
Vegetables	each	2-3
Artichokes		2-3
Asparagus		per doz. none
French Beans		per lb. 4-5
Broad Beans		4-6
Woodcock		40-50
Wild Geese		none
Beetroot		per bunch 2-4
Bamboo Shoots		per lb. none
Cabbage		each 3-4
Carrots		2-3
Gaulflower		30-40
Celery		per bunch 2-10
Egg Plant		per lb. 4-5
Green Corn		1-2
Leeks		per bunch 2-3
Mushrooms		per lb. 30-40
Onions		2-3
Parsnips		per bunch 2-3
Potatoes		per picul 1.40-1.60
Peas		per lb. 4-5
Radishes		per bunch 1-2
Spinach		2-3
Tomatoes		3
Turnips		per bunch 2-4
Grain And Flour	per 50 lbs.	\$5.50
Flour American		\$5.50
Flour Australian		\$4.30
Flour Shanghai		\$2.30
Rice		per 200 lbs. \$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies		per bottle 20
Chinese dairies		17
Fodder	per 114 lbs.	\$2.55
Barley		\$2.00
Brass		
Fuel	per ton	Ts. 19.00
House Coal		Ts. 19.00
Stove Coal		Ts. 21.75
Firewood		per 50 boundles \$1.00
Laundry	per 100 articles	\$3.00-4.00
F. J. W. McVILLIA, Chief Inspector.		

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1918

Day	Ship	Port	By	USA	Eng.	Jap.	Row
Today							
Washu, Kobe, Yama, Canada	Kingsing	7 0					11.00
Hongkong, U.S. & Europe		17 0					
Antong	Summit	11 0					11.00
Washu, Kobe, Yama, Canada							
Hongkong, U.S. & Europe							
Antong	Hasar	11 0		7.00			17.00
Washu, Kobe, Yama, Canada							
Hongkong, U.S. & Europe	Hankow	11 0					17.00
Antong	Tientsin	11 0					17.00
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BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST Yesterday's Prices

**Nederlandsche Handel
Maatschappij**

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Gullders 70,000,000 (about £5,333,332)
Reserve Fund—
Gullders 12,760,280 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA .
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember Penang	Telok-Betong
Djakarta Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong Rangoon	Wittevreden
Kota-Radja Semarang	
Langsa Singapore	
Makassar Soerabaya	
Medan	

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank
of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal
places in Europe, Asia, Australia
and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives

for collection bills of exchange.
issues letters of credit on its
branches and correspondents and
transacts banking business of every
description.
Current accounts kept in talen

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED ON
current tael accounts and fixed de-
posits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

Manager.

THE EXCHANGE BANK
OF CHINA

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41 Kiangse Road.
Telephone C. 1941.

Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

CapitalYen 10,000,000

Head Office Peking.

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General Banking Business of Every Description Transacted.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange

Business a Specialty. We issue Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of Credit Buying and Selling Specie, Etc., Etc.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki

Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London,
New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin,
Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao,
Dairen, Changchun, Mukden.

Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager

中 學 銀 行

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Govern-
ment in 1916.

Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	\$2,000,00
Paid-Up Capital	\$1,020,00

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wushih

Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuechow	Canton

Tsingtau Hongkong
Tientsin

Air Mail

Agencies and Correspondents
foreign countries:

London, International Banking Co.
eration.

New York, International Bank
Corporation.
San Francisco, International Bank
ing Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.

Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities
foreign countries.
SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Ta

Credits granted on approved securities.

T. R. SUN, Manager
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager

Tel. Central 2618 General Office.
Tel. Central 1929 Manager's Office.



SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE
For London or Liverpool via ports.
(For Liverpool).

SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	
AKI MARU	12,500	

AMERICAN LINE
Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine, Nov. 29
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Iriawa, Dec. 17

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi, Nov. 6
KOKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. G. Ohla, Nov. 14
YAMSHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima, Nov. 19

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Takano, Nov. 4
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida, Nov. 13
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito, Nov. 16
TAKEKISHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. H. Arakida, Nov. 20

FOR JAPAN

KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Segawa, —
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KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Inatsu, Nov. 25
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FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa, Dec. 5
KAISHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa, March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Nov. 22
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AUSTRALIAN LINE
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

KITANO MARU	16,000	Nov. 20
TANGO MARU	14,000	Dec. —
NOKKO MARU	10,000	January

CALCUTTA LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY

Finest Climate and Best Holiday Resorts in the Far East.

Yamato Hotel, Dairen.—Finest hotel in the Far East. Cleanest city in the Orient. Capital centre for holiday trips.

Yamato Hotel, Hoshigaura.—Seaside hotel at the Hoshigaura (Star Beach) Holiday Resort. Golf, tennis, bathing, and boating facilities. Dairen, 5 miles distant, is connected by motor-car and carriage road and electric tramway.

Yamato Hotel, Port Arthur.—Coolest and healthiest place in the Far East, close to the famous landlocked harbor, and surrounded with magnificent scenery. Miles of charming walks and drives, historic battlefields and ruined and dismantled forts. Two miles from Ogondai (Golden Beach) Holiday Resort.

Yamato Hotel, Mukden.—Adjoining S.M.R. station. Only hotel for visitors to the ancient capital of China, famous for its Imperial Palaces and Tombs and relics of fast disappearing Old China.

Yamato Hotel, Changchun.—Close to S.M.R. station, where the South Manchuria, Chinese Eastern, and Kirin-Changchun Railways meet.

Chosen Hotel, Seoul.—Luxurious hotel in the capital of Korea.

Station Hotel, Fusan.—For visitors entering or leaving Korea by sea.

Station Hotel, Shingishu.—For Antung on opposite bank of River Yalu.

Kongosan Hotel, Onseiri.—For tourists and visitors to the famous Diamond Mountain in Korea, rivalling Switzerland in scenery.

All on Foreign lines under direct management of the S.M.R. Co.
For terms and literature, apply to the manager severally, or to the Superintendent, Hotel Section,
SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY.
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Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

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REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to
VANCOUVER

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S.S. "STANLEY DOLLAR" . . . NOVEMBER
S.S. "HAROLD DOLLAR" . . . NOVEMBER
S.S. "BESSIE DOLLAR" . . . DECEMBER
S.S. "MELVILLE DOLLAR" . . . JANUARY

Through Railway Bills of Lading Issued to the
Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc.
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THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2303.

DECLARES SWEDEN IS STRONGLY PRO-ALLY

Ex-Japanese Minister Explains
Reasons For Change Of
Feeling

Tokio, October 25.—Amongst the passengers who arrived at Yokohama on October 24 by the Siberia Maru was Mr. Sadatsuchi Uchida, formerly Japanese Minister to Sweden, who has been Japan's representative in the country for more than ten years. Mr. Uchida left Stockholm July 18 and returned home by way of America having seen Mr. Hloka, his successor at Stockholm, at New York. In the course of an interview Mr. Uchida said:

"Generally speaking, the Swedish people had been friendly to the Germans since the outbreak of hostilities simply because they had been intimate with the Germans prior to the war. Since the collapse of Russia, however, the attitude of the Swedes toward Germany has undergone a change. This is due not only to the removal of possible pressure from Russia but also to the highhanded policy which Germany adopted toward Finland. The Swedes, who had been sympathetic to the Germans, began to fear them perceiving what they had done in Finland. Not unnaturally they began to argue that if Germany emerged victorious from the struggle Sweden might be treated in the same way in which she has treated Finland. This fear, coupled with the disgust at what Germany had inflicted on the Finns, has gradually driven the Swedes to discard their pro-German feeling in favor of a pro-British sentiment. This feeling has of late been greatly intensified and at present there are no Swedes who believe in or wish German victory."

"The present Swedish Government

is composed of Liberals and Socialists and is pursuing a policy of strict neutrality. It is noticeable, however, that the actions of the Swedish Foreign Minister have of late shown a pro-Allied tendency. Mr. Branting, Socialist leader, was in the Cabinet for a time but resigned on the plea of ill-health. Mr. Branting opposes the restoration of peace at this stage of the war as it would, in his opinion, result in a victory to Germany if

it was done. It was since 1916 that the German people began to hate the war though they could have no opportunity to give vent to their feeling owing to the power of the Government. Although the morale of the German troops cannot be said to be at its lowest ebb they will not be able to continue the struggle since the people are so thoroughly weary and a peace fever is on the ascendency."

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Mar	Commander
WTW	Oct. 10	Snipe	Br. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.	Oct. 10	Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P.A.O.B.I.	Oct. 18	Bel Caboto	It. g-b.				
SP	Oct. 22	Sunda	Jap. g-b.				
		Taiwan	Chi. g-b.				
		Kiangsi	Chi. g-b.				
		Litchoan	Chi. g-b.				
		Tsoutai	Chi. g-b.				
		Kansten	Chi. g-b.				
		Lienken	Chi. g-b.				
		Houpong	Chi. g-b.				

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

HONMA HOSPITAL,
No. 81 Miller Road. Tel. North 2941

Dr. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine, Children's Diseases.

Dr. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases, Confinements, Surgery, Skin Diseases.

Olympic Theatre

Thursday, November 7th at 9 p.m.

Great Variety Entertainment

in aid of
Italian War Funds

Under the distinguished patronage of
Cav. Uff. Nob. G. de Rossi, H.I.M.'s Consul-General

Arranged by
The Italian Club
with the kind assistance of talented local musical professionals and amateurs

Italian Official War Films

Showing
The Italian Navy—The Defence of Venice—Taranto,
the Allied Naval Base—Airships—Hydroplanes, etc.

Songs—Musical Solos—Cowboys
Special Italian Orchestra

Booking at Moutrie's

Business and Official Notices

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1918

NOTICE.

Only Bank-notes issued by the following Banks in Shanghai will be accepted at this Race Meeting:

- Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China
- Bank of China (Shanghai Issue)
- Bank of Communications (Shanghai Issue)
- Bank of Taiwan
- Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger
- Banque de l'Indo Chine
- Banque Industrielle de Chine
- Commercial Bank of China
- Hongkong and Shanghai Bank
- International Banking Corporation
- Mercantile Bank of India
- Netherlands Trading Society (Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij)
- Russo-Asiatic Bank
- Yokohama Specie Bank.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
20064

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1918.
11th, 12th and 13th November.

TICKETS of ADMISSION have been sent to Members and their wives.

A LIMITED number of Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand can be obtained from the Secretary, on the nomination of any Member, with the approval of the Stewards, on or before 4 p.m. on Saturday, 9th November, at a cost of \$10 each.

APPLICATIONS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY CASH.

The issue of Free Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand for Ladies is limited to the Wives and Daughters of Grand Stand Ticket Holders.

Tickets of Admission for the three Official Race Days and Off Day, to the unreserved part of the Enclosure only, may be obtained at the Gate or from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.

Price, \$6 each for Gentlemen.
\$3 each for Ladies.

Single Day Tickets are obtainable at the Gate only.

Price, \$3 each for Gentlemen.
\$2 each for Ladies.

Tickets for the "OFF" Day are obtainable at the Gate only.

Price, \$1 each.

Tiffin and Tea Tickets for Members and Grand Stand Ticket Holders only, may be obtained at the Grand Stand on Race Days.

Price, Tiffin Tickets, \$2 each.
Tea Tickets 50 cents each.
The Tiffin Interval will be after the Third Race each day.

THE RACES WILL COMMENCE PUNCTUALLY AT 11.30 a.m. EACH DAY.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
20063

SPECIALIST

(can speak English well)
For
Venereal and Surgical Diseases.
Men and Women's Diseases.
Skin Diseases and Rheumatism.
Injection of all kinds of vaccine serums, and 1914 (606). Test of blood.

Charges moderate.
(Japanese) Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
21 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road).
Tel. North 2279. 17846

Dr. James Yukiing

Men's Diseases only
Hours: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Y.282 North Szechuen Road.
Special rates to men in uniform.

TURKISH BATH and MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.
Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768, 25 North Szechuen Road. 19954

The North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Fifteenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 19th November, 1918, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June last.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 8th to 19th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Court of Directors
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary and General Manager.
Shanghai, 5th November, 1918. 20627

At less than to-day's cost!
Bed and Table Linen, Blankets, Suitings, Hosiery, Underwear, etc.
at
Hill's Bazaar
12 Nanjing Road

THE FAMOUS MOSCOW TRIO



Lyceum Theatre

Next Concert

9TH
Novem.

at 9.15 p.m.

Booking at Moutrie's
Direction: A STROK

NOTICE

Madame Praney
LATEST styles in ladies' dress-making costumes, children's dresses and evening gowns, a specialty.
Perfect fit guaranteed.
Prices moderate.
No. 4 North Szechuen Road.
(Next door to The King's Daughters' Society's Rooms.) 19950

NOTICE

Importers and Exporters wishing buying or selling connections in Japan or other parts of the Orient should communicate with or see me at the Astor House, Room No. 215.
J. A. HYNDMAN.
19964

Professor Zalsman

will resume his singing lessons about the 15th of November.

Applications to be sent in at early date to
F. J. BLOM, c. e.,
c/o Messrs. T. E. M. A.,
6 Av. Edward VII. 19966

NOTICE

By special official Authority, I, the Undersigned, have this day been appointed to take over the management of the business known as C. BIANCHI, Confectioner, of 97, Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

The public is also hereby notified that the Pastry and Confectionery Department will continue to be in direct charge of MR. A. GROSSI, expert Pastry-Cook and Confectioner to the late C. Bianchi for the last 10 years.

A. P. FERRARI
Shanghai, 31st October, 1918. 19954

Business and Official Notices

Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railways

RACE WEEK

ON and from Friday, 8th, until Monday, 18th November, 1918, inclusive.

RETURN TICKETS AT A FARE AND A HALF

will be issued as shown below:—

S. N. R. 1st and 2nd class.

Between Shanghai North, Soochow, Wushu, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking.

S. H. N. R. 1st, 2nd and 3rd class.

Shanghai North or Shanghai South, Sungkian, Kashi, Kashi, Yehsh, Changchow, Kongschiao, and Hangchow.

First, second and third class through return tickets at a fare and a half will be issued from or to any of the stations above mentioned on either line.

By Order,

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

NOTICE

Lost Bill of Lading No. 31, calling for 2 cases of stationery, ex S. S. "GLENGYLE." The public are hereby notified not to negotiate the same, as it has been declared null and void.

The Wing On Co. (Shanghai), Ltd. Shanghai, 5th November, 1918.

Special Notice To Mariners

No. 319.

China Sea.

Shanghai District — Yangtze River.

Actacon Shoals to Vine Point.

Intended alterations in buoyage.

NOTICE is hereby given that on or about the 22nd November, 1918, the following alterations will be made in the buoyage of the Yangtze River between the Actacon Shoals and Vine Point:—

The Actacon Shoal Upper Buoy will be discontinued.

A black buoy surmounted by a black inverted triangular daymark will be moored on the northern edge of the shoal that extends to the eastward from Plover Point. From this buoy Plover Point Beacon will bear about S. 86° W., distant 3.37 miles. This buoy will be known as the Knuckle Buoy.

The Plover Point Buoy will be discontinued.

The Upper Crossing Buoy will be moved 8.8 cables N. 63° E., from its present position.

A recent survey of the Langshan Crossing shows that the shoaling of the upper end of the Crossing, notified in Special Notice to Mariners No. 516 continues and that there is now a least depth of 13 feet of water at low water of extraordinary spring tides.

Notice is also hereby given that on or about the same date as that given for the above alterations, a new channel to the northward of the Langshan Flats, which will be known as the Tungchow Channel, will be buoyed. Full particulars regarding the buoyage of this channel will be notified later.

CAUTION: Navigators are cautioned against mistaking any of the buoys placed to mark the Tungchow Channel for aids in the Langshan Crossing.

All bearings given are magnetic. T. J. ELDRIDGE, Acting Coast Inspector, Coast Inspector's Office, Shanghai, 5th November, 1918.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

Shanghai Race Club

REMINDER.

SELLING LOTTERIES will be held at the Grand Stand TODAY, commencing at 5.30 p.m. sharp, on the following Races:—

The SICCAWEI PLATE

The SHANGHAI ST.

LEGER, No. 2.

The CHAMPION SWEEP-

STAKES, No. 2.

The above Lotteries are open to Members of the Country, Shanghai, Masonic, American, Columbia, Merchant Service Clubs; Cercle Francais, Cercle Sportif Francais, Circolo Italiano, Marine Engineers' Institute and Shanghai Race Club.

By Order of the Stewards,

A. W. OLSEN,

Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

20057

NOTICE

We have this day opened a branch and appointed Mr. H. Goldenburg as Manager, and have granted him full authority to sign for the firm.

N. S. MOSES & CO.

Importers and Exporters,

20 Des Voeux Road, Central,

Hongkong.

20043

Shanghai Horticultural Society

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW

The Autumn Chrysanthemum Show will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, 20th and 21st November.

20049

EXPORTERS ATTENTION!!!

Why do you pretend to look wise? You really don't know those Chinese Guys. Experts are far and few between. Doeskins, Goat-skins, Bristles, are not so keen to move from Szechwan, well packed and selected, until it costs you bitter experience for goods collected. And then you'll surely think of "Born in 1915," of Bristles Doeskins, Goat-skins, and of "Still Existing."

WIDLER & CO.

Chungking, West China.

BILL SMITH

It may be that there are products superior to Elephant Head French Peppermint, but they are not to be procured on this market.



ASK BILL!

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants Building Contractors Engineers' Supplies.

A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.

17997

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association.

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 11th, 12th and 13th November, on account of Autumn Race Meeting.

20047

4% New French War Loan

Rente Perpetuelle

Issue Price 70.80

Subscription opened up to 22nd November

Interest payable quarterly

Best exchange and facilities offered by

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE

DE CHINE

Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hong-

kong.

19910

Union Church Literary and Social Guild

LECTURE

"Rapid Impressions on

America in War Time"

Mr. E. P. Graham Barrow.

Tonight, 6th November, 9 p.m.

20029

SIBERIAN COMFORTS FUND

To All British Subjects and Allies

AN URGENT APPEAL by the Members of the Committee of the Siberian Comforts Fund is made to all British subjects and Allies for subscriptions to provide comforts for the brave soldiers who are fighting in Siberia.

We are sure that a hearty response will be made to this appeal as everyone must feel that it is not only a duty but a privilege to do our utmost in seeing that those who are fighting so valiantly for us and all we hold dear, shall not want for anything which will, even in the slightest degree, help to make them, during rest from their arduous and self-sacrificing duties, as cheerful and comfortable as possible.

It is hoped that many will make monthly subscriptions.

We would ask you all to remember that in Siberia now is intensely cold and the days short so that recreation has to be indoors.

The following is a list of things which, in addition to subscriptions, will be welcome:

Writing Materials, Inkpots, Games of all kinds, Fountain Pens, Wristlet Watches, Cards, Chess Boards, Dominoes, Draughts, Gramophones and Records (especially records), Books of all sorts, including French Books, Illustrated Papers and Magazines, Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarettes and Pipes.

Subscriptions can be sent to H. H. Fox, Esq., C.M.G., H.B. M. Consulate General.

Books, Illustrated Papers and Magazines can be sent to the Postmaster, British Post Office.

Gifts of things enumerated in the above list can be sent to Mr. H. Brown, 22 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, and any further gifts of clothing can be sent to the Shanghai Chapter of the American Red Cross Society, at No. 181 Kiangse Road, the Chapter having kindly arranged for their packing and dispatch to Vladivostok.

CONSTANCE FRASER,

President.

33 The Bund, Shanghai, 6th November, 1918.

20045

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1892)

Stocks of

Metals, Hardware and Sundries.

Contractors to

GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.

"NATIONAL"

PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

Here is a portable typewriter of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; has every essential advantage of the big typewriters; yet stands only 8 1/2 in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models, in fact, a great little-machine.

Two color ribbon, back-spacer, easy removal of type-bars, etc.



MEXICAN DOLLARS

75⁰⁰

Complete

With Leatherette

Carrying Case

Be Sure You Get The New Model No. 3.

Phone Central 4778

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

When you need a new Storage Battery, there are two vital things to be considered—the quality of the battery and the service back of it.

Prest-O-Lite

is the battery for you.

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)

Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions

Telephone Central 2529

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, nearly new, eight-roomed detached residence, every convenience, Bubbling Well district. Rent, Taels 125. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

19987

TO LET, two flats of two rooms each. Full housekeeping or for office. Will let single if required. Modern private baths, steam-heating, hardwood floors. Apply at 51 Szechuen Road.

19974

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P. D. 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

EDUCATIONAL

WANTED, pianist to play dance music once a week. Must have previous experience and good repertoire. Apply to Box 195, THE CHINA PRESS.

20010 N-6

FRENCH lessons by French lady. New and easy method. Also business translations. 17 Nanking Road, top floor.

19988

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OPEN godown space to let in Yangtzepoo district; convenient, near wharves. Apply to Box 179, THE CHINA PRESS.

19967 N-7

TO LET. Steam-heated offices, modern, newly-built, with elevator. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.

19973

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.

Telephone North 482.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE

8 Quinsan Gardens

TO LET with Board large and small comfortable bedrooms with bathroom attached. Accommodation for table boarders. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET

167 Bubbling Well Road

A large comfortable bedroom, with bathroom attached; suitable for married couple or two friends. Use of tennis, garage, stable and telephone.

MELBOURNE HOUSE:

To let, well-furnished balcony room, with small room and bathroom attached. Also small attic room. In British home. 12a Quinsan Gardens.

20041 N-10.

TO LET, unfurnished flat of two large rooms, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, Tls. 40. Wayside district. Apply to Box 210, THE CHINA PRESS.

20030 N-12

33 SEYMOUR ROAD, to let, furnished, front bed-sitting-room; bathroom and verandah attached. Apply Mrs. Hopkins, Tel. West 457.

20000 N-8

TO LET, furnished, with board, sitting-room and two bedrooms with bathrooms. Can be let separately if required. Apply to Box 183, THE CHINA PRESS.

19983 N-8

APARTMENTS WANTED

GENTLEMAN wants room with bathroom attached, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board, in quiet locality. Apply to Box 218, THE CHINA PRESS.

20044 N-6

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Thoroughly experienced stenographer for large Shanghai firm. Please state full particulars and salary required. Apply to Box 216, THE CHINA PRESS.

20036 N-7

STENOGRAPHER wanted: Ability to take dictation accurately and good knowledge of English essential. Experience desirable but not absolutely necessary. Applicant must possess good basic knowledge of English and stenography in order to learn work rapidly. Reply by typewritten letter to Box 215, THE CHINA PRESS.

20035 N-7

WANTED a bookkeeper for an American Import and Export firm in Shanghai. Must be a foreigner and capable of taking charge of double-entry system. None need apply excepting those with No. 1 references. State age and salary expected to Box 204, THE CHINA PRESS.

20021 N-7

WANTED, by American importing and exporting firm, experienced stenographer (American preferred). State experience, references, salary, etc. Apply to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.

20001 N-7

WANTED, stenographer; experience unnecessary but must be able to take rapid dictation. Permanent position, salary \$50 to start. Apply to Box 198, THE CHINA PRESS.

20015 N-6

WANTED, experienced interpreter for Mixed Court, by old law-firm. Permanent position, good salary to right man. Apply to Box 199, THE CHINA PRESS.

20016 N-6

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED: steady young Portuguese, 28, executive ability, excellent accountant, able correspondent, familiar with all modern business methods, would like position where merit and industry will be rewarded by advancement. At present working in an important firm in Canton. Reply to Box 220, THE CHINA PRESS.

20045

EXPERIENCED Accountant, with sound knowledge of general office work, seeks position. Output preferred. Apply to Box 219, THE CHINA PRESS.

20046 N-12

YOUNG LADY, beginner, desires position as stenotypist. Apply to Box 206, THE CHINA PRESS.

20023

EXPERIENCED newspaper translator wants day work. Can take charge of correspondence. Apply to Box 208, THE CHINA PRESS.

20036 N-7

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer and typist desires position. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

20019 N-7

WANTED, by an experienced Chinese. Knowledge of accounts, bookkeeping, salesmanship and general office routine. Good references. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 212, THE CHINA PRESS.

20032 N-6

HARDWORKING young man, with seven years' experience, desires a change. Has good knowledge of bookkeeping and fair at shorthand. Willing to start with moderate salary if good prospects. Contract expires February, 1919. Apply to Box 207, THE CHINA PRESS.

20025 N-7

SCANDINAVIAN, with excellent references as efficient accountant and all-round office man, would be prepared to consider an offer for change of present position of trust. Reply to Box 190, THE CHINA PRESS.

19999 N-6

MARINE Engineer desires position ashore; good knowledge of mechanical engineering. First-class references. Apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.

19937 N-6

MISCELLANEOUS

TWO or three gentlemen invited to join a third in well-equipped house in good location. Apply to Box 217, THE CHINA PRESS.

20042 N-12

Exchange and Mart

WANTED to purchase a motor car; must be late model and cheap. Ford car preferred. Apply to Box 211, THE CHINA PRESS.

20031 N-8

FOR SALE: One 1917 Buick touring car, four-cylinder, five passengers A1 condition. Trial by appointment. Apply to Box 189, THE CHINA PRESS.

19997 N-7

FOR SALE: A "Waverley" electric coupe, seating three, equipped with Edison storage battery. An ideal car for a lady or a doctor. For particulars, apply to The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.; Motor Garage, 'Phones: West 1213, 1202.

20009 N-6

FOR SALE, Taels 17,000 cash; six new houses on Avenue Joffre, large ground frontage. Full price, Taels 29,000; Rent, Taels 3,900 per annum. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

19988

FOR SALE